

9. The place where the Haj pilgrims from Sri Lanka should keep their niyyath for Ihram is
 (1) Al-Juhfa. (2) Zathul Iraq. (3) Karnul manazil.
 (4) Zuhulaifa. (5) Yalamlam.
10. Select the option that includes the fundamental teachings which took place in Dawa of the prophet during Makkah period.
 (1) Thowheed, Risalath, Ma'ath. (2) Khilafath, Risalath, Ibadath.
 (3) Risalath, Muamalath, Hidayath. (4) Risalath, Ibadath, Varasath.
 (5) Jinayath, Ibadath, Ma'ath.
11. The Imams who contributed to both fields of Hadith and Islamic jurisprudence were
 (1) Imam Suyuthi and Imam Navavi (Rah).
 (2) Imam Thirmizi and Imam Nasaee (Rah).
 (3) Imam Ibnu Maja and Imam Rafi (Rah).
 (4) Imam Malik and Imam Ahmed (Rah).
 (5) Imam Abu Yoosuf and Imam Baihagi (Rah).
12. A Hadith which Isnad goes up to Sahabi is
 (1) Mawquf. (2) Marfou. (3) Mursal. (4) Maqtu. (5) Mawlu.
13. The companion who suggested that Al Quran should be compiled, after many companions were killed in the battle of Yamama was
 (1) Abubakr (Rali). (2) Umar (Rali). (3) Usman (Rali).
 (4) Muaviya (Rali). (5) Umar Ibnu Abdul Azeez (Rah).
14. Those who are known as **Ar-Rikab** among the people who are entitled to get Zakath are
 (1) those who are indebt. (2) wayfarers.
 (3) the poor. (4) those who have newly embraced Islam.
 (5) slaves.
15. Among the forms of trade permitted in Islam, the word which indicates the term, 'joined trade partnership' is
 (1) Ia'ara. (2) Ijara. (3) Musharaka. (4) Salam. (5) Muzara'a.
16. What was the main reason to prohibit hoarding the food stuffs in Islam?
 (1) Food getting spoiled.
 (2) Increase in the price of food.
 (3) Public getting affected.
 (4) Loss caused to producers.
 (5) Difficulty in storing foods for a long time.
17. Select the correct statement about 'Rahn' in the Islamic Trade system.
 (1) Two people engage in trade by investing certain amount of money.
 (2) Engage in business in which one party invests the capital and the other party provides the labour.
 (3) Lending a particular product for a limited period of time.
 (4) To grant an agricultural land on the basis of getting an equal share of the harvest.
 (5) Mortgaging a particular thing to obtain certain amount of money.
18. Some facts regarding Khulafaur Rashideen are given below.
 A - Third Kaleefa
 B - One who fought against Musailama
 C - One who accompanied the Prophet to Madina during Hijrath
 D - One who introduced the naval forces
 E - One who introduced Hijri Calender
 F - One who was sent to negotiate with Quraish during Hudaibiya pact
- Out of the above facts, select the option which is related to Khalifa Usman (Rali).
 (1) A, B and C (2) A, D and F (3) B, C and D (4) C, E and F (5) D, E and F

19. Those who are known as 'Asaba' in law of inheritance are
- (1) the inheritors who obtain the share as prescribed by Quran and Sunnah.
 - (2) close relations on paternal side.
 - (3) the male inheritors who are close to the demised whose shares are not specifically prescribed by Quran and Sunnah.
 - (4) those who inherit in the absence of defined inheritors.
 - (5) the distant relations who inherit in the absence of any close relation to the demised.
20. One of the divorced methods, 'Khuloo' means
- (1) wife giving a certain amount of money or any valuable thing and obtaining divorce from the husband.
 - (2) husband divorcing his wife on the allegation of Adultery.
 - (3) the divorce which takes place after the oath.
 - (4) the divorce which takes place after Talak rajayee.
 - (5) the divorce which takes place by comparing wife to the mother.
21. The science that deals with division of the property of the demised is included in
- (1) Ilmul meeras. (2) Ilmul Fiqh. (3) Ilmul Balaga.
 - (4) Ilmul Jarah Waththahdeel. (5) Ilmul Aqeeda.
22. An elderly person who is not physically healthy to observe the Ramazan fasting must
- (1) engage in Tawba. (2) give fithra.
 - (3) give foods for sixty poors. (4) postpone Qaza of fasting.
 - (5) give Kaffara.
23. The Qiyas which is equal in value in both 'Asl' and 'Farhu' is
- (1) Qiyas Awla. (2) Qiyas Jali. (3) Qiyas Adna.
 - (4) Qiyas Musavi. (5) Qiyas Kafi.
24. The share of inheritance that will get reduced because of some others is
- (1) Hajab. (2) Hajab Nuqsan. (3) Hajabul Hirman.
 - (4) Asaba. (5) Zavul Arham.
25. Observe the following statements.
- A - The verses which describe the qualities of Munafiq.
 B - Long sentences and long chapters.
 C - The verses that explain the authenticity of the previous scriptures.
 D - Attractive sentences and small Aayat.
 E - The verses which start as 'O'mankind'.
- Out of the above statements, select the answer which is related to Madani Suras.
- (1) A, B and C. (2) A, C and D. (3) A, D and F.
 - (4) B, C and E. (5) C, D and E.
26. A person possesses 1 000 000 rupees. He is liable to pay a loan of 200 000 rupees. If nisab for Zakath in the particular year is 700 000 rupees, What is the amount of Zakath he should pay at the end of the year?
- (1) Rs.5 000 (2) Rs.10 000 (3) Rs.15 000 (4) Rs.20 000 (5) Rs.25 000
27. What are the reasons for a Muslim to consume halal foods?
- (1) Suitable for physical and mental health.
 - (2) Essential for physical growth.
 - (3) Sharia insists on it.
 - (4) They are clean and healthy.
 - (5) They are energetic and tasty.

28. The companion who introduced the Islamic Financial Institute 'Baithul Maal' was
 (1) Abubakr (Rali). (2) Umar (Rali). (3) Usman (Rali).
 (4) Ali (Rali). (5) Muaaviya (Rali).
29. "O youths, those among you who have the ability let him marry, because it helps to control your glance and helps to preserve chastity. Those who do not have the means should fast and it gives them safety" is a
 (1) statement in Quran. (2) statement of the Prophet.
 (3) statement of a Sahabi. (4) statement of an Imam.
 (5) statement of a Sufi.
30. From the following a spiritual benefit of prayer is
 (1) blessing of god. (2) purity of body and cloth.
 (3) healthy life. (4) training for time management.
 (5) training for obeying leadership.
31. What is the correct statement about 'Muthasabihath' which is related to Holy Quran?
 (1) The Quranic verses which are clear in meaning.
 (2) The verses which are liable to have different meanings.
 (3) The Quranic verses whose laws were changed.
 (4) The single letters which are found in the beginning of Sura's.
 (5) The Quranic verses related to Aqeeda.
32. One of the main objectives of Islamic banking system is to
 (1) help the public to avoid any involvement in interest.
 (2) encourage the public on savings.
 (3) help the small industries of the public.
 (4) provide guidance to the public to engage in modern industries.
 (5) protect the wealth of the public.
33. Those who are known as 'Madrasathu ahlir Raiye' are those who
 (1) interpret laws giving importance to self reasoning.
 (2) interpret laws giving importance to Hadith.
 (3) are entitled to engage in Ijthihad.
 (4) are seriously interested in following the Mazhab.
 (5) are inclined to Muhthazila thoughts.
34. Among the following statements, the one which is **incorrect** in relation to facts that should be considered, when giving punishment for offences according to the Sharia is
 (1) the punishment should be suitable.
 (2) the punishment is within the law.
 (3) the punishment should defers according to the offences.
 (4) considering the position, social status etc. of the accused person.
 (5) the punishment aims at social security.
35. One who is **not** entitled to be a 'valy' in marriage is
 (1) father's father. (2) maternal brother. (3) son of the brother.
 (4) father's brother. (5) own brother.
36. The method of divorce that enables one to recall the wife is
 (1) Bayin. (2) Ielau. (3) Kuloo. (4) Rajae. (5) Faskhu.
37. One of the teachers of Imam Buhary (Rah) is
 (1) Imam Abu Dawood (Rah). (2) Imam Ahmad Ibnu Hanbal (Rah).
 (3) Imam Nasace (Rah). (4) Mohamed Ibnu Ahmed Maroosy (Rah).
 (5) Imam Thabarani (Rah).

- In each question from 38 to 41, the facts given under X and Y are related to each other in some form. Select the option that matches the information in Y with those in X in correct order.

38.

X	Y
(i) Imam Shafi (Rah)	A - Muwaththa
(ii) Imam Abu Hanifa (Rah)	B - Musnad
(iii) Imam Malik (Rah)	C - Fikhul Akbar
(iv) Imam Ahmed (Rah)	D - Al Ummu

- (1) A B C D (2) B C D A (3) C B A D (4) D B A C (5) D C A B

39.

X	Y
(i) Thawba	A - Divine love
(ii) Rila	B - Purity of heart
(iii) Ikhlas	C - Divine satisfaction
(iv) Mahabbath	D - Seeking forgiveness

- (1) A D C B (2) B C A D (3) B D C A (4) D A B C (5) D C B A

40.

X	Y
(i) Vali	A - Witness
(ii) Shahid	B - Guardian
(iii) Mahar	C - The feast given by the Bridegroom in a marriage
(iv) Waleema	D - The gift given by the bridegroom to the Bride

- (1) A C B D (2) B A D C (3) B C A D (4) C D A B (5) D A C B

41.

X	Y
(i) Kilafath	A - Miracle
(ii) Ibadath	B - Make the earth prosperous
(iii) Muhjizath	C - Vicegerent
(iv) Imarath	D - Worship

- (1) A C D B (2) A D B C (3) B D C A (4) C D A B (5) D B C A

42. The companion who compiled Hadith 'Saheefa Sadika' was

- (1) Abdullah Ibnu Umar (Rali). (2) Amr Ibnul Aas (Rali).
 (3) Sa'hd Ibnu Abi Wakkas (Rali). (4) Anas Ibnu Malik (Rah).
 (5) Zubair Ibnul Awam (Rali).

43. The year in which Imam Muslim (Rah) was born is

- (1) H:204. (2) H:205. (3) H:206. (4) H:207. (5) H:208.

44. Out of the main responsibilities in Islam, an act which does **not** take place in Umra is

- (1) Ihram. (2) Tawaf. (3) Sayu. (4) Halq. (5) staying in Arafa.

- In the questions from 45 to 50, two types of statements are given. For each pair of statements given in relation to each question, select the most suitable option from (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) given below and mark its **number** in the answer sheet.

No.	First statement	Second statement
(1)	correct	correct
(2)	incorrect	correct
(3)	correct	incorrect
(4)	incorrect	incorrect
(5)	correct	correct and explaining the first statement further

	First Statement	Second Statement
45.	Wasil Ibnul Atha is the teacher of Imam Hasanul Basari.	Muthazila give preference to the views of Al-Quran and Sunnah.
46.	There is nothing wrong for males in wearing silver rings.	Sharia prohibits burning the animals even which come to do.
47.	Muthawathir Hadith are authentic.	Hadith of the grade of Hasan cannot be considered as sources.
48.	Economic concepts of Islam is divine.	Qiyas and Ijma of Sahabas are considered as equal.
49.	'Urf' cannot be considered as Islamic source of law.	All that leads to Haram are considered to be Haram.
50.	Prophet (sal) appointed Muaviya (Rali) as in-charge of foreign affairs.	Prophet (sal) appointed Ubaida (Rali) for diplomatic affairs.

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AL/2019/44/E-II (NEW)

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි/முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது/All Rights Reserved]

නව නිර්දේශය/புதிய பாடத்திட்டம்/New Syllabus

NEWශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lankaඅධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2019 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2019 ஓகஸ்த்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2019ඉස්ලාම් II
இஸ்லாம் II
Islam II

44 E II

06.08.2019 / 0830 - 1140

පැය තුනයි
மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hoursඅමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
Additional Reading Time - 10 minutesUse **additional reading time** to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.**Instructions:*** Answer **five** questions selecting **two** from **Part I** and **three** from **Part II**.**Part I**

- What is 'Taqwa'? (02 marks)
 - Explain importance of Taqwa based on **one** evidence each from Al-Quran and Sunnah. (04 marks)
 - Mention **four** benefits one receives by practising Taqwa in daily life and explain **two** of them. (06 marks)
 - Mention **four** hurdles for spiritual progress in the life of a Muslim and explain how **two** of them could be avoided in day to day life. (08 marks)
- What is 'Yawmul Akhirah'? (02 marks)
 - State **four** signs in the Islamic perspective for the end of the world. Explain **two** of them briefly. (04 marks)
 - Mention **six** impacts the belief in hereafter has on the life of a Muslim. (06 marks)
 - Explain how the belief in 'Qaza Qadar' helps to guide the human life. (08 marks)
- Define 'Farl Ayn' and 'Farl Kifaya'. (02 marks)
 - Mention **one** aim each for Prayer and for Fasting and explain them. (04 marks)
 - Mention **four** conditions that should be fulfilled to make all the activities of human life as Ibadath and explain **two** of them. (06 marks)
 - Mentioning **four** reasons to fulfil Zakath as a collective duty. Explain **two** of them in relation to practical life. (08 marks)

Part II

- Mention **five** practical aspects of Islamic Economy and explain them. (10 marks)
 - Point out the structure of Islamic Banking and explain its principles. (10 marks)
- Explain **five** reasons for the emergence of different opinions in Islamic Jurisprudence? (10 marks)
 - Which period is considered 'the Golden Age' of Islamic Jurisprudence and explain the development of science of fiqh during this period? (10 marks)

[See page two

6. (i) Explain the Islamic legal procedures and orders regarding the Production and Consumption. (10 marks)
- (ii) Stating the problems which arise in the family life, explain the Solutions found for them in Islam. (10 marks)
7. (i) Mentioning the biography of Imam Tirmithi (Rah) explain his contribution to Science of Hadith. (10 marks)
- (ii) Exploring the origin and development of Khawarij thoughts, explain its main doctrines. (10 marks)
8. Write short notes about the following.
- (i) 'Maslaha Mursala' (05 marks)
- (ii) Islam and religious Co-existence (05 marks)
- (iii) Baithul Maal (05 marks)
- (iv) Contribution of Sri Lankan Muslims to the independence (05 marks)

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