

AL/2016/25/E-I

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ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
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අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2016 අගෝස්තු
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தரப் பரீட்சை, 2016 ஆகஸ்ட்)
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2016

ඉතිහාසය I (I කොටස)
 வரலாறு I (பகுதி I)
 History I (Part I)

25 E I

පැය තුනයි
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
 Three hours

History of Sri Lanka - From the earliest times to 1978 A.D.

Index No. :

Instructions:

- * This part consists of 40 questions. Answer all the questions on this paper itself.
- * For each question there are five responses of which only one is correct. When you have selected the correct answer to a question, mark your response on this paper according to the instructions given.
- * 40 marks will be awarded for this part.
- * Time allocated for both Part I and Part II is three hours.
 Attach Part I to the answer script of Part II when handing over.

Part I

- In each of the questions from 1 to 5 a group of five names are given. One of the names given in each group does not tally with the others. Select that name and write its number in the bracket.

1. (1) Kaḷu Gaṅga (2) Mahavāli Gaṅga (3) Aṃban Gaṅga
 (4) Valave Gaṅga (5) Kālaṇi Gaṅga (.....)
2. (1) Taprobane (2) Palaesimundu (3) Serandib
 (4) Jananātha-maṅgalam (5) Zeilan (.....)
3. (1) Mātota (2) Ūrātota (3) Gokanna
 (4) Jambukolpaṭṭana (5) Korātota (.....)
4. (1) Sena-Guttika (2) Asela (3) Elāra
 (4) Khuddapārinda (5) Māgha (.....)
5. (1) Battle of Danturē (2) Battle of Balana (3) Battle of Randenivela
 (4) Battle of Gannoruva (5) Battle of Katuvana (.....)

- In each of the questions from 6 to 10, five pairs of names are given. Among them there is one pair in which the names/expressions do not tally with one another. Identify that particular pair of names and write its number in the bracket.

6. (1) De Mundo - Aristotle
 (2) Geographia - Ptolemy
 (3) Topographia Christiana - Cosmas
 (4) The Temporal and Spiritual Conquest of Ceylon - Francois Valentyn
 (5) Yālpāṇa-vipava-mālai - Mayilvākanam (.....)
7. (1) Mahinda thero - Devānampiya Tissa
 (2) Hēmamāla-Danta Kumaru - Sirimeghavanna
 (3) Buddhaghosa thero - Buddhadhāsa
 (4) Fa-Hsien - Mahānama
 (5) Upāli thero - Kīrti Śrī Rājasimha (.....)

[see page two

8. (1) Joris van Spiilbergen - Vimaladharmasūriya I
 (2) John Pybus - Kīrti Śrī Rājasimha
 (3) Hugh Boyd - Rājasimha II
 (4) Robert Andrews - Rājādhi Rājasimha
 (5) MacDowall - Śrī Vikrama Rājasimha (.....)
9. (1) Rebellion of Ambanvela Rāla - Jan Schreuder
 (2) Anti-British struggle of 1817-18 - Robert Brownrigg
 (3) Anti-British struggle of 1848 - Torrington
 (4) Kotahena riots of 1883 - James Longden
 (5) Sinhala-Muslim riots of 1915 - Robert Chalmers (.....)
10. (1) Valāne Śrī Siddhārtha thero - Parama Dhamma Chetiya Pirivena
 (2) Ārumuga Nāvalar - Vannarpannai Saiva Pragasa Vidyasalai
 (3) Hikkaduve Śrī Sumaṅgala thero - Vidyodaya Pirivena
 (4) Ratmalane Śrī Dharmāloka thero - Vidyalankāra Pirivena
 (5) T.B. Jayah - Zahira College (.....)

● For each of the questions from 11 to 15, some names/statements/dates are given in columns X and Y. The names/statements/dates given in column Y have some affinity with those in column X. But they are not arranged in the proper order of sequence. When they are arranged in the proper order one of the five combinations given below is correct. Write the number of the correct combination in the bracket.

11. X Y
 (i) Mirisavāti Dāgāba A Parākramabāhu I
 (ii) Abhyagiri Dāgāba B Rājasimha I
 (iii) Gal Vihāraya C Bhuvanekabāhu IV
 (iv) Gadālādeniya D Duṭṭagāmanī Abhaya
 (v) Bārāndi Kovil E Vaṭṭagāmanī Abhaya
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBDAE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

12. X Y
 (i) Mihintale tablet A Rules for the management of a market-town
 (ii) Vevālkāṭi inscription B Grant of privileges to Budalnā
 (iii) Badulla pillar inscription C A treaty entered into by Parākramabāhu I and Gajabāhu II
 (iv) Panākadu copper-plate D Rules for the administration of justice in villages
 (v) Saṅgamu-vihāra inscription E Rules for the administration of vihāra lands
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBDAE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

13. X Y
 (i) Malavāna convention A Treaty entered into between Kīrti Sri Rājasimha and the Dutch
 (ii) Treaty of 1638 B Agreement signed between D.S. Senanayake and the British government
 (iii) Treaty of 1766 C Agreement arrived at by the chiefs of Kotte and the Portuguese
 (iv) Kandyan Convention of 1815 D Treaty signed by Rājasimha II and the Dutch
 (v) Defence Agreement, 1947 E Treaty signed between the Kandyan chiefs and the British
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBDAE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

14. X Y
 (i) Maha badda A Elephant Department
 (ii) Koṭṭal badda B Weavers' Department
 (iii) Kuruve badda C Transport Department
 (iv) Madige badda D Cinnamon Department
 (v) Kinnara badda E Artificers' Department
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBDAE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

15. X Y
 (i) Lanka Sama Samāja Party A S.A. Wickremasinghe
 (ii) Bolshevik-Leninist Party B G.G. Ponnambalam
 (iii) Communist Party C S.J.V. Chelvanayakam
 (iv) Tamil Congress D Colvin R. de Silva
 (v) Federal Party E N.M. Perera
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBDAE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

[see page three

● For questions 16 to 20 select the correct answer and write its number in the bracket.

16. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the sources pertaining Sri Lankan history according to the period when they were written?

- (1) Dīpavaṃsa, Mahāvamsa, Pūjavalī, Vamsattappakāsini, Rājavalī
- (2) Dīpavaṃsa, Pūjavalī, Mahāvamsa, Vamsattappakāsini, Rājavalī
- (3) Dīpavaṃsa, Mahāvamsa, Vamsattappakāsini, Pūjavalī, Rājavalī
- (4) Dīpavaṃsa, Mahāvamsa, Vamsattappakāsini, Rājavalī, Pūjavalī
- (5) Mahāvamsa, Dīpavaṃsa, Vamsattappakāsini, Pūjavalī, Rājavalī (.....)

17. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the rulers of Rohana?

- (1) Mahānāga, Yaṭṭhalaka Tissa, Goṭhabhaya, Kākavaṇṇa Tissa, Duṭṭhagāmaṇī Abhaya
- (2) Mahānāga, Goṭhabhaya, Yaṭṭhalaka Tissa, Kākavaṇṇa Tissa, Duṭṭhagāmaṇī Abhaya
- (3) Mahānāga, Goṭhabhaya, Kākavaṇṇa Tissa, Yaṭṭhalaka Tissa, Duṭṭhagāmaṇī Abhaya
- (4) Mahānāga, Kākavaṇṇa Tissa, Duṭṭhagāmaṇī Abhaya, Goṭhabhaya, Yaṭṭhalaka Tissa
- (5) Mahānāga, Yaṭṭhalaka Tissa, Kākavaṇṇa Tissa, Duṭṭhagāmaṇī Abhaya, Goṭhabhaya (.....)

18. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the capitals of medieval Sri Lanka?

- (1) Daṃbadeṇiya, Kuruṇāgala, Yāpahuva, Gampōja, Koṭṭe
- (2) Daṃbadeṇiya, Yāpahuva, Kuruṇāgala, Gampōja, Koṭṭe
- (3) Kuruṇāgala, Daṃbadeṇiya, Yāpahuva, Gampōja, Koṭṭe
- (4) Yāpahuva, Daṃbadeṇiya, Kuruṇāgala, Gampōja, Koṭṭe
- (5) Daṃbadeṇiya, Yāpahuva, Gampōja, Kuruṇāgala, Koṭṭe (.....)

19. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the constitutional reforms made under the British rule?

- (1) Colebrooke, MacCallum, Donoughmore, Manning, Soulbury
- (2) Colebrooke, Manning, MacCallum, Donoughmore, Soulbury
- (3) Colebrooke, Donoughmore, Manning, MacCallum, Soulbury
- (4) Colebrooke, Manning, Donoughmore, MacCallum, Soulbury
- (5) Colebrooke, MacCallum, Manning, Donoughmore, Soulbury (.....)

20. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the leaders of the opposition in Sri Lanka since independence?

- (1) N.M. Perera, S.W.R.D. Bandāranāike, Srimavo Bandāranāike, Dudley Senānāyake, J.R. Jayewardene
- (2) S.W.R.D. Bandāranāike, N.M. Perera, Srimavo Bandāranāike, Dudley Senānāyake, J.R. Jayewardene
- (3) N.M. Perera, J.R. Jayewardene, S.W.R.D. Bandāranāike, Srimavo Bandāranāike, Dudley Senānāyake
- (4) N.M. Perera, S.W.R.D. Bandāranāike, Dudley Senānāyake, Srimavo Bandāranāike, J.R. Jayewardene
- (5) N.M. Perera, S.W.R.D. Bandāranāike, J.R. Jayewardene, Srimavo Bandāranāike, Dudley Senānāyake (.....)

● In each of the questions from 21 to 25, five items are listed under one heading, one of those items does not relate to the particular heading. Select that item and write its number in the bracket.

21. Jetavanārāma

- (1) Jetavana vihāra was constructed by Mahāsena.
- (2) Jetavana vihāra was located within the boundaries of the Mahāvihāra.
- (3) Jetavana vihāra was donated to Bhkhu Sāgala.
- (4) Jetavana Dāgāba is the largest stupa in Sri Lanka.
- (5) Jetavana sect had its centre at the Jetavana vihāra. (.....)

22. Dhātusena

- (1) Having defeated Tamil rulers Dhātusena ascended the throne.
- (2) Dhātusena belonged to the line of Lambakaṇṇa.
- (3) Mahānāma thera was Dhātusena's maternal uncle.
- (4) Dhātusena built the Kalāvāva.
- (5) Dhātusena was put to death by Kāsyapa. (.....)

[see page four

23. Kingdom of Kotte

- (1) Niśśanka Alakeśvara built the fortress of Kotte.
- (2) Bhuvanekabāhu V is considered to be the first ruler of Kotte.
- (3) The greatest ruler of Kotte was Parākramabāhu VI.
- (4) Rājasimha II destroyed the city of Kotte.
- (5) Dharmapāla bequeathed the kingdom of Kotte by a deed to the Portuguese. (.....)

24. Proposals made by the Colebrooke-Cameron Commission

- (1) Reduction of the powers of the Governor
- (2) Establishment of Legislative and Executive councils
- (3) Abolition of rājakāriya
- (4) Creation of a uniform system of judiciary
- (5) Division of the whole island into nine provinces. (.....)

25. Cultural Revival during the latter part of nineteenth century

- (1) Cultural Revival began basically as a reaction to the Christian missionary activities.
- (2) The Buddhist revival had its main centre in the Western and Southern Provinces.
- (3) The Theosophical society played an important role in the Buddhist revival.
- (4) The first Buddhist school was established by Walisingha Harischandra.
- (5) M.C. Siddi Lebbe was the most important leader of the Islamic revival (.....)

- For each of the questions from 26 to 30, responses (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. One or more of these is/are correct. Select the correct response/responses and mark your answer in the bracket according to following instructions.

- 1 if only (A) and (B) are correct.
- 2 if only (B) and (C) are correct.
- 3 if only (C) and (D) are correct.
- 4 if only (A) and (C) are correct.
- 5 if only one response or more than two responses is/are correct.

Summary of instructions				
1	2	3	4	5
Only (A) and (B) are correct.	Only (B) and (C) are correct.	Only (C) and (D) are correct.	Only (A) and (C) are correct.	Only one response or more than two responses is/are correct.

26. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the collapse of the Poḷonnaru Kingdom?

- (A) Destruction caused by the invasion of Candrabānu.
- (B) Famines
- (C) Rivalry between the Kālinga and Pāndya dynasties.
- (D) Accession of weak rulers to the throne. (.....)

27. Portuguese and the Kingdom of Jaffna

- (A) Last ruler of the Kingdom of Jaffna was Cankili II.
- (B) Jaffna was conquered by the Portuguese in 1619.
- (C) Constantino de Braganca was appointed the Governor of Jaffna.
- (D) The Portuguese rendered their patronage to Hinduism. (.....)

28. Dutch administration in the maritime provinces

- (A) Dutch possessions in Sri Lanka were administered by the Dutch East India Company.
- (B) Dutch territories in Sri Lanka were ruled by a Captain General.
- (C) The headquarters of the Dutch Eastern empire had been established in Batavia.
- (D) Dutch territories in Sri Lanka had been divided into five commandaries. (.....)

29. Sri Vikrama Rājasimha

- (A) Sri Vikrama Rājasimha was the last king of the Kandyan kingdom.
- (B) Sri Vikrama Rājasimha was called Kannasāmi before he ascended the Kandyan throne.
- (C) The First Adigar, Pilima Talavve was instrumental in placing him on the throne.
- (D) Sri Vikrama Rājasimha built the Pattirippuva (Octagon). (.....)

[see page five]

30. Temperance Movement

- (A) D.B. Jayatilaka was the first president of the Temperance organization.
 (B) Temperance Movement emerged as an agitation against the excise policy of the colonial government.
 (C) The members of the Senanayake family were the principal proponents of the Temperance Movement.
 (D) Due to the mounting resistance of the Temperance Movement the government reversed its excise policy.
 (.....)

● In each of the question from 31 to 35, select the correct answer and write its **number in the bracket**.

31. What was the capital of Vijaya according to the Mahāvamsa?

- (1) Sirīsavatthupura (2) Anurādhapura (3) Lankāpura
 (4) Upatissagāma (5) Tambapaṇṇi (.....)

32. Who was the first ruler of the Lambakaṇṇa dynasty?

- (1) Subha (2) Vasabha (3) Gajabāhu
 (4) Goṭhābhaya (5) Dhātusena (.....)

33. What is the inscription which mentions about the invasion of Rāmañña desa by Parākramabāhu I?

- (1) Tiruvalangādu inscription (2) Aṁbagamu inscription
 (3) Gal vihāra inscription (4) Devanagala inscription
 (5) Rāmeśvaram inscription (.....)

34. Who was the first ruler of the Kingdom of Yāpahuva?

- (1) Vijayabāhu III (2) Parākramabāhu II
 (3) Bhuvanekabāhu I (4) Parākramabāhu III
 (5) Bhuvanekabāhu II (.....)

35. During whose governorship was the Supreme Court established?

- (1) Frederick North (2) Thomas Maitland (3) Robert Brownrigg
 (4) Wilmot Horton (5) Stewart Mackenzie (.....)

● In each of the questions from 36 to 40, two statements are given. On the basis of the table given below, select the description that fits best with the two statements in each of the questions and write its **number in the bracket**.

	First Statement	Second Statement
1	Correct	Incorrect
2	Correct	Correct
3	Incorrect	Incorrect
4	Incorrect	Correct
5	Correct	Correct and explains the first statement well.

First Statement	Second Statement	
36. The first schism in the sangha occurred during the reign of Vattagāmaṇi Abhaya.	Mahāyānist doctrine was introduced to Sri Lanka during the reign of Kūtakaṇṇa Tissa.	(.....)
37. Mahāsena built the Yodha vāva.	Vijayabāhu III who expelled Māgha made Daṁbadeṇiya his seat of administration.	(.....)
38. Parākramabāhu VI defeated Cheng Ho and unified Sri Lanka.	The most notable result of the Portuguese rule was the introduction of Roman Catholicism.	(.....)
39. The Portuguese utilized certain indigenous social and economic institutions for their own economic advantage.	The Portuguese continued and made use of the traditional systems of land tenure, caste and rājakāriya in order to obtain cinnamon and other commodities cheaply.	(.....)
40. The deputation of the Ceylon National Congress stated before the Donoughmore Commission that adult franchise should not be granted.	Mrs. Bandaranaike reached an agreement with Lal Bahadur Shastri, the Prime Minister of India in 1964 on the question of the Indian minority in Sri Lanka.	(.....)

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[see page six



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ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
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අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2016 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2016 ஆகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2016

ඉතිහාසය I (II කොටස)
 வரலாறு I (பகுதி II)
History I (Part II)

25 E I

History of Sri Lanka - From the earliest times to 1978 A.D.

Instructions:
 * Answer question No. 01 and three others.
 (An outline map of Sri Lanka is provided for answering question No. 1)

Part II

1. Mark and name all the places given below on the map provided and write short historical notes on any two of them.
 (i) Jaffna city (ii) Senānāyake Samudra (iii) Kataragama
 (iv) North-central province (v) Kadamba nadī (vi) Mahiyangāṇa
 (vii) Kalpitiya (viii) Colombo
(01 mark for each item marked and named correctly; 05 marks for each short note)
2. Discuss the influence of geographical factors on the history of Sri Lanka upto the end of the thirteenth century with reference to any two of the following headings:
 (i) Central hills
 (ii) Rivers
 (iii) Location in close proximity to India *(07 marks for each)*
3. "The reign of Devānampiya Tissa is of great importance in political as well as in cultural spheres."
 (i) Name the contemporary Maurya ruler in India at the time Devānampiya Tissa was ruling. *(01 mark)*
 (ii) Name two bhikkhus who accompanied Mahinda thera to Sri Lanka. *(02 marks)*
 (iii) Write a brief account of the religious beliefs prevalent in Sri Lanka before the arrival of Mahinda thera. *(03 marks)*
 (iv) Critically examine the political and cultural significance of the reign of Devānampiya Tissa. *(08 marks)*
4. Examine the development of the irrigation system during the Rajarata civilization with reference to the following aspects:
 (i) Gradual development of the construction of tanks
 (ii) Irrigation technology *(14 marks)*
5. "Niśsaṅkamalla was a ruler who faced many challenges."
 (i) To what dynasty did Niśsaṅkamalla belong? *(01 mark)*
 (ii) Name two kings who unified the country and ruled at Polonnaruva before him. *(02 marks)*
 (iii) Write a brief account of the cultural contribution of Niśsaṅkamalla. *(03 marks)*
 (iv) State briefly the challenges faced by Niśsaṅkamalla and discuss the manner in which he overcame them. *(08 marks)*
6. (i) Examine the factors which led the Portuguese to invade the Kandyan kingdom. *(06 marks)*
 (ii) Why did those invasions fail? *(08 marks)*
7. Critically examine the major factors which led to the outbreak of the anti-British struggle of 1848. *(14 marks)*

[see page seven

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8. Answer **either** Part (A) or Part (B) only.

(A) Examine the main features of the Donoughmore constitution.

(14 marks)

(B) Examine the fundamental elements of the Constitution of 1978.

(14 marks)

9. Write short notes on the historical significance of any **two** of the following:

(i) Literature during the Daṁbadeṇi period

(ii) Arya Cakravarti dynasty

(iii) Parākramabāhu VI

(iv) Sitāvaka kingdom

(v) Ponnambalam Arunachalam

(vi) Policy on indigenous agriculture in independent Sri Lanka

(07 marks for each)



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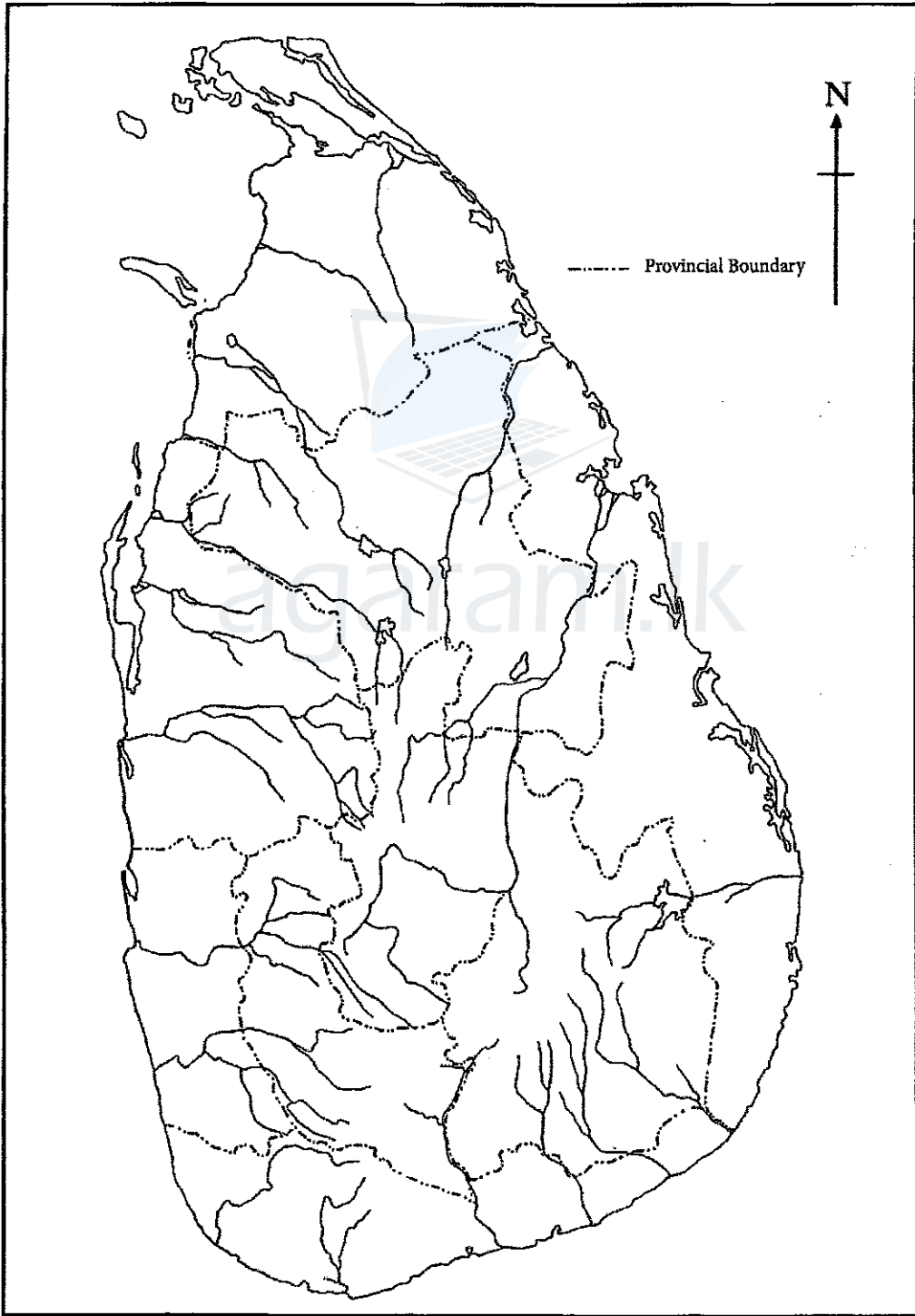
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கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தரப் பரீட்சை, 2016 ஆகஸ்ட்)
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2016

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