

AL/2015/25/E-I

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது / All Rights Reserved

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஆகஸ்ட்
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

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| ඉතිහාසය I (I කොටස) வரலாறு I (பகுதி I) History I (Part I) | <div style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; padding: 5px; margin: 0 5px;">25</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; padding: 5px; margin: 0 5px;">E</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; padding: 5px; margin: 0 5px;">I</div> | පැය තුනයි மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் Three hours |
|---|--|--|

History of Sri Lanka - From the earliest times to 1978 A.D.

Index No. :

Instructions:

- * This part consists of 40 questions. Answer all the questions on this paper itself.
- * For each question there are five responses of which only one is correct. When you have selected the correct answer to a question, mark your response on this paper according to the instructions given.
- * 40 marks will be awarded for this part.
- * Time allocated for both part I and part II is three hours.
 Attach part I to the answer script of part II when handing over.

PART I

● In each of the questions from 01 to 05 a group of five names are given. One of the names given in each group does not tally with the others. Select that name and write its number in the bracket.

1. (1) Onesicritus (2) Megasthenes (3) Pliny
 (4) Cosmas (5) Cheng Ho (.....)
2. (1) Kammāra Dēva (2) Cittarāja (3) Kālavēla
 (4) Cetiyā (5) Valavāmukhi (.....)
3. (1) Nandimitta (2) Vēḷusumana (3) Suranimala
 (4) Dīghajantu (5) Phussadēva (.....)
4. (1) Caṅkili (2) Puvirāja Paṇḍāram (3) Periyapillai
 (4) Ariṭṭa Kiveṇḍu Perumā (5) Ethirimanna Cīnkam (.....)
5. (1) Colebrooke (2) Morgan (3) Manning-Devonshire
 (4) Donoughmore (5) Soulbury (.....)

● In each of the questions from 06 to 10, five pairs of names are given. Among them there is one pair in which the names/expressions do not tally with one another. Identify that particular pair of names and write its number in the bracket.

6. (1) Kalā vāva - Anurādhapura District
 (2) Tabbova vāva - Puttalam District
 (3) Irakkāmam vāva - Mannar District
 (4) Parākrama Samudra - Poḷonnaruwa District
 (5) Senānāyake Samudra - Ampara District (.....)
7. (1) Kākavaṇṇa Tissa - Vihāra-maha-devī
 (2) Kūṭakaṇṇa Tissa - Anulādevī
 (3) Vijayabāhu I - Tilōkasundarī
 (4) Vimaladharmasūriya I - Kusumāsanadevī
 (5) Sṛī Vikrama Rājasimha - Venkātā Rangammā (.....)

[see page two

Agaram.LK - Keep your dreams alive!

Agaram.LK - Keep your dreams alive!

8. (1) Kandasāmi Kovil at Nallūr - Jaffna
 (2) Tirukketiśvaram Kovil - Kilinochchi
 (3) Konēśvaram Kovil - Trincomalee
 (4) Munneśsaram Kovil - Chilaw
 (5) Bārāndi Kovil - Sītavaka (.....)
9. (1) Battle of Mulleriyā - Lourenco de Almeida
 (2) Battle of Danture - Pedro Lopes de Sousa
 (3) Battle of Balana - Dom Jeronimo de Azevedo
 (4) Battle of Randenivala - Constantino de Sa de Noronha
 (5) Battle of Gannoruva - Diego de Mello de Castro (.....)
10. (1) Willem J. Coster - First Dutch Governor
 (2) Rajādhirājasimha - First Nayakkar King
 (3) Frederick North - First British Governor
 (4) Henry Monck-Mason-Moore - First Governor General
 (5) William Gopallawa - First President (.....)

● For each of the questions from 11 to 15, some names / statements / dates are given in columns X and Y. The names / statements / dates given in column Y have some affinity with those in column X. But they are **not** arranged in the proper order of sequence. When they are arranged in the proper order one of the five combinations given below is correct. Write the **number** of the correct combination in the bracket.

11. X Y
 (i) Kadambanādī A Dāduru Oya
 (ii) Gōṇanādī B Māṅik Gaṅga
 (iii) Jajjaranādī C Malvatu Oya
 (iv) Vananādī D Kalā Oya
 (v) Kappakandaranādī E Valave Gaṅga
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBD AE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

12. X Y
 (i) Reign of Devānampiyā Tissa A Bringing of the Mahāyana text, Dhammadhātu
 (ii) Reign of Sirimeghavāṇṇa B Bringing of the Tooth Relic of the Buddha
 (iii) Reign of Gajābāhu C Getting down the branch of the sacred Bodhi Tree
 (iv) Reign of Silākāla D Introduction of the worship of the goddess Pattini
 (v) Reign of Kirti Sri Rājasimha E Restoration of the Upasampada or the higher ordination of the saṅgha
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBD AE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

13. X Y
 (i) Thūpavaṃsa A Devradadampasaṅgināvan
 (ii) Rasavāhinī B Sri Rāhula thera
 (iii) Daḷadā-sirita C Mayilvākanam
 (iv) Kāvyaśekhara D Vēdēha thera
 (v) Yālpāna-vaipava-mālai E Vācissara thera
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBD AE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

14. X Y
 (i) Silvat Samāgama A H.S. Olcott
 (ii) Saiva Pragāsa Sabai B Vālivīṭa Sri Saraṇāṅkara thera
 (iii) Buddhist Theosophical Society C D.B. Jayatilaka
 (iv) Mahā Bodhi Samāgama D Anagārika Dharmapāla
 (v) Young Men's Buddhist Association E Ārumuga Nāvalar
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBD AE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

15. X Y
 (i) Edward Barnes A Establishment of the Museum in Colombo
 (ii) Hercules Robinson B Establishment of the University College
 (iii) William Gregory C Construction of the Colombo-Kandy Road
 (iv) Henry McCallum D Establishment of Municipal Councils
 (v) William Manning E Establishment of the Department of Agriculture
 (1) EDABC (2) DEACB (3) CBD AE (4) CDAEB (5) BEADC (.....)

- For questions 16 to 20 select the correct answer and write its number in the bracket.

16. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the royal dynasties of Sri Lanka?

- (1) Moriya, Mānavamma, Lambakaṇṇa, Daṁbadeṇi, Nayakkar
- (2) Mānavamma, Moriya, Lambakaṇṇa, Daṁbadeṇi, Nayakkar
- (3) Moriya, Lambakaṇṇa, Daṁbadeṇi, Mānavamma, Nayakkar
- (4) Moriya, Mānavamma, Daṁbadeṇi, Lambakaṇṇa, Nayakkar
- (5) Moriya, Lambakaṇṇa, Mānavamma, Daṁbadeṇi, Nayakkar (.....)

17. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the tanks built in ancient Sri Lanka?

- (1) Basavakkulama vāva, Minnēri vāva, Nāccadūva vāva, Kantalāy vāva, Parākrama Samudra
- (2) Basavakkulama vāva, Minnēri vāva, Parākrama Samudra, Nāccadūva vāva, Kantalāy vāva
- (3) Minnēri vāva, Basavakkulama vāva, Kantalāy vāva, Nāccadūva vāva, Parākrama Samudra
- (4) Basavakkulama vāva, Kantalāy vāva, Minnēri vāva, Nāccadūva vāva, Parākrama Samudra
- (5) Basavakkulama vāva, Nāccadūva vāva, Minnēri vāva, Kantalāy vāva, Parākrama Samudra (.....)

18. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the kings of Kandy?

- (1) Vimaladharmasūriya I, Vimaladharmasūriya II, Rājasimha II, Senarat, Sri Vira Parākrama Narēndrasimha
- (2) Vimaladharmasūriya I, Vimaladharmasūriya II, Senarat, Rājasimha II, Sri Vira Parākrama Narēndrasimha
- (3) Vimaladharmasūriya I, Senarat, Rājasimha II, Vimaladharmasūriya II, Sri Vira Parākrama Narēndrasimha
- (4) Vimaladharmasūriya I, Rājasimha II, Vimaladharmasūriya II, Senarat, Sri Vira Parākrama Narēndrasimha
- (5) Vimaladharmasūriya I, Senarat, Vimaladharmasūriya II, Rājasimha II, Sri Vira Parākrama Narēndrasimha (.....)

19. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the British Governors of Sri Lanka during the first half of the nineteenth century?

- (1) Thomas Maitland, Robert Brownrigg, Wilmot Horton, Edward Barnes, Stewart Mackenzie
- (2) Robert Brownrigg, Thomas Maitland, Stewart Mackenzie, Edward Barnes, Wilmot Horton
- (3) Thomas Maitland, Robert Brownrigg, Edward Barnes, Stewart Mackenzie, Wilmot Horton
- (4) Robert Brownrigg, Thomas Maitland, Edward Barnes, Stewart Mackenzie, Wilmot Horton
- (5) Thomas Maitland, Robert Brownrigg, Edward Barnes, Wilmot Horton, Stewart Mackenzie (.....)

20. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the Prime Ministers of Sri Lanka?

- (1) Dudley Senanayake, D.S. Senanayake, S.W.R.D. Bandaranaike, John Kotelawala, W. Dahanayake
- (2) D.S. Senanayake, Dudley Senanayake, S.W.R.D. Bandaranaike, John Kotelawala, W. Dahanayake
- (3) D.S. Senanayake, Dudley Senanayake, W. Dahanayake, S.W.R.D. Bandaranaike, John Kotelawala
- (4) D.S. Senanayake, Dudley Senanayake, John Kotelawala, S.W.R.D. Bandaranaike, W. Dahanayake
- (5) D.S. Senanayake, John Kotelawala, Dudley Senanayake, S.W.R.D. Bandaranaike, W. Dahanayake (.....)

- In each of the questions from 21 to 25, five items are listed under one heading, one of those items does not relate to the particular heading. Select that item and write its number in the bracket.

21. Irrigation Works

- (1) Earliest irrigation works began with the construction of village tanks.
- (2) Construction of Tisāvāva has been ascribed to Dēvanampiya Tissa.
- (3) Construction of major tanks began during the reign of Vasabha.
- (4) The highest stage in the development of ancient irrigation is marked by the Samudravāpi.
- (5) All tanks are fed by rivers. (.....)

22. Vijayabāhu I

- (1) Vijayabāhu I was known as Prince Kitti in his childhood.
- (2) A chieftain named Buddharāja supported Vijayabāhu I.
- (3) Having expelled the Colas from Sri Lanka Vijayabāhu I unified the island.
- (4) Vijayabāhu I invaded the Ramaññadesa.
- (5) Vijayabāhu I made Polonnaruwa his capital. (.....)

23. Gampola Kingdom

- (1) The first ruler of Gampola was Parākramabāhu IV.
- (2) Senā Lankādhikāra was from a powerful aristocratic family at the time.
- (3) Arya Cakravartī ruler invaded the Gampola Kingdom.
- (4) Gadalādeni vihāra was constructed during the Gampola period.
- (5) Mayūra Sandesa was written during the Gampola period. (.....)

24. Plantation Economy under the British

- (1) Colebrooke-Cameron reforms paved the way for the development of a plantation economy.
- (2) Until 1880, coffee was the most important commercial crop.
- (3) The first coffee estate was started by Henry Ward.
- (4) The rise of the plantations contributed greatly to a development in the transport system.
- (5) Plantations depended mainly on immigrant labour. (.....)

25. Ponnambalam Arunachalam

- (1) was a distinguished civil servant.
- (2) took great interest in political reforms.
- (3) agitated for the establishment of a university.
- (4) founded the Hindu College in Jaffna.
- (5) was the first president of the Ceylon National Congress. (.....)

- For each of the questions from 26 to 30, responses (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. One or more of these is/are correct. Select the correct response/responses and mark your answer in the bracket according to following instructions.

- 1 if only (A) and (B) are correct.
- 2 if only (B) and (C) are correct.
- 3 if only (C) and (D) are correct.
- 4 if only (A) and (C) are correct.
- 5 if only one response or more than two responses is/are correct.

Summary of instructions

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Only (A) and (B) are correct. | Only (B) and (C) are correct. | Only (C) and (D) are correct. | Only (A) and (C) are correct. | Only one response or more than two responses is/are correct. |

26. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the establishment of early settlements in Sri Lanka?

- (A) Early settlements were established by the immigrants from several parts of India.
- (B) Early settlements were established in river banks.
- (C) The first settlement was established during the reign of Paṇḍukābhaya.
- (D) There were no trading connections between India and Sri Lanka during the earliest period. (.....)

27. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the Kingship in Sri Lanka?

- (A) Mauryan abhiṣeka was introduced to Sri Lanka during the reign of Dēvānampīya Tissa.
- (B) Succession of kingship passed exclusively from father to son.
- (C) The epithet, 'bhūpati' was used for the kings.
- (D) No woman ascended the kingship during the Anurādhapura period. (.....)

28. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding Architecture during the Poḷonnaru period?

- (A) Vijayabahu I is considered to have built the highest number of buildings during the Poḷonnaru period.
- (B) Parākramabāhu I constructed religious buildings only.
- (C) Hindu influence can clearly be identified on Poḷonnaru architecture.
- (D) Bricks were abundantly used. (.....)

29. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the Sītāvaka kingdom?

- (A) Birth of the Sītāvaka kingdom took place after the Vijayabā-Kollaya in 1521.
- (B) The first ruler of Sītāvaka was Mayadunne.
- (C) Kandyan territory was annexed to the Sītāvaka kingdom by Rājasimha I.
- (D) Rājasimha I rendered an immense service to Buddhism. (.....)

30. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the economic policy of the Portuguese?

- (A) The Portuguese did not use the traditional Sinhalese machinery for their economic activities.
 (B) A main objective of the economic policy of the Portuguese was to obtain cinnamon.
 (C) The Portuguese compiled thōmbos.
 (D) The Portuguese expanded the cultivation of coffee as a commercial crop. (.....)

● In each of the question from 31 to 35, select the correct answer and write its number in the bracket.

31. Who was the first ruler of Māgama?

- (1) Uttiya (2) Mahāsiva (3) Sūratissa
 (4) Mahānāga (5) Asēla (.....)

32. What were the challenges faced by Niśsaṅkamalla?

- (1) Coḷa invasion (2) Challenge posed by the govikula
 (3) Revolt of Brāhmaṇa Tiya (4) Threats posed by the rulers of Jaffna
 (5) Invasion of Candrabānu (.....)

33. Who was the Ārya Cakravarti ruler defeated by Prince Sapumal?

- (1) Jayavīra Cinkāyariyan (2) Kuṇavīra Cinkāyariyan
 (3) Kaṇakacūriya Cinkāyariyan (4) Pararājaśekaran
 (5) Caṅkili (.....)

34. What was the name of Vimaladharmasūriya I before he ascended the throne?

- (1) Rayigam Bandara (2) Dom João Periya Bandara
 (3) Karaliyadde Bandara (4) Yamasimha Bandara
 (5) Dom João Konappu Bandara (.....)

35. Who was the British Governor at the time of the outbreak of the anti-British struggle of 1848?

- (1) Torrington (2) Campbell (3) Anderson
 (4) Ward (5) Robinson (.....)

● In each of the questions from 36 to 40, two statements are given. On the basis of the table given below, select the description that fits best with the two statements in each of the questions and write its number in the bracket.

| | First Statement | Second Statement |
|---|-----------------|--|
| 1 | Correct | Incorrect |
| 2 | Correct | Correct |
| 3 | Incorrect | Incorrect |
| 4 | Incorrect | Correct |
| 5 | Correct | Correct and explains the first statement well. |

| First Statement | Second Statement | |
|--|--|---------|
| 36. The first schism in the Buddhist saṅgha occurred during the reign of Saddhātissa. | Vijayabāhu I brought about an unification of the saṅgha and promulgated a katikāvata or a code of disciplinary rules. | (.....) |
| 37. The Badulla pillar inscription records the rules for the management of a market town. | The Satmahal-prāsāda (a square pyramidal tower of seven diminishing stages) is believed to have built by Niśsaṅkamalla. | (.....) |
| 38. The famous work titled, 'The Temporal and Spiritual Conquest of Ceylon' was written by Fr. Fernao de Queyroz. | A notable result of the Dutch rule in the Maritime Provinces of Sri Lanka was the introduction of Roman Catholicism. | (.....) |
| 39. Market transactions which had involved in barter exchanges in a previous era took an increasingly monetary form during the nineteenth century. | There was an increasing monetization of the economy under the British: the use of money which prevailed to a limited degree in the eighteenth century increased both in volume and proportion in the nineteenth century. | (.....) |
| 40. The Donoughmore Commission proposed to abolish the system of communal representation. | The Donoughmore Commission proposed a bicameral legislature with a nominal executive. | (.....) |



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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

දකුණු පළාත් සාමාන්‍ය අධ්‍යයන (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஆகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

ඉතිහාසය I (II කොටස)
 வரலாறு I (பகுதி II)
History I (Part II)

25 E I

History of Sri Lanka - From the earliest times to 1978 A.D.

Instructions:

* Answer question No. 01 and three others.
 (An outline map of Sri Lanka is provided for answering question No. 01)

PART II

1. Mark and name all the places given below on the map provided and write short historical notes on any two of them.

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| (i) Nāgadīpa | (ii) Gōṇa nadī | (iii) Nāccadūva vāva | (iv) Galle |
| (v) Kandy | (vi) Batticaloa | (vii) Malvāna | (viii) Uva Province |

(01 mark for each item marked and named correctly; 05 marks for each short note)
2. "Chronicles are of special importance for the study of Sri Lankan history upto the end of the reign of Mahāsēna."

| | |
|--|------------|
| (i) What is the earliest extant chronicle? | (01 mark) |
| (ii) Name the author of Mahāvamsa and the time when it was written. | (02 marks) |
| (iii) Write a note on the chronicles written during the Anurādhapura period. | (04 marks) |
| (iv) Critically examine the above statement. | (07 marks) |
3. Examine the significance of the reign of Vaṭṭagāmaṇi Abhaya under the following headings:

| | |
|---|------------|
| (i) Internal and external challenges faced by the king and how he overcame them | |
| (ii) Establishment of the Abhayagiri vihāra | |
| (iii) Committing the Tripiṭaka to writing | (14 marks) |
4. Critically examine the main factors which led to the decline and downfall of the Anurādhapura kingdom. (14 marks)
5. Discuss the achievement of Parākramabāhu I with reference to two of the following topics:

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| (i) Unification of the island | |
| (ii) Religious services | |
| (iii) Irrigation activities and economic development | |
| (iv) Foreign relations | (07 marks for each) |
6. Examine comparatively the administrative policy followed by the Portuguese and the Dutch in the Maritime Provinces of Sri Lanka with reference to the following aspects:

| | |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| (i) Objectives | |
| (ii) Central administration | |
| (iii) Provincial administration | (14 marks) |
7. "The disappointment of the Kandyans caused by the unfulfillment of the assurances given by the Kandyan Convention was the major factor which led to the outbreak of the anti-British struggle of 1817-1818."

| | |
|---|------------|
| (i) Name the English official who kept on relations with the Kandyan Kingdom immediately before it was captured by the British. | (01 mark) |
| (ii) Name the British Governor and one of the Kandyan chiefs who signed the Kandyan Convention. | (02 marks) |
| (iii) Write a brief account of the contents of the Kandyan Convention. | (04 marks) |
| (iv) Critically examine the above statement. | (07 marks) |

[see page seven]

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8. Answer **either** Part (A) or Part (B) only.

(A) Examine the importance of the economic reforms proposed by the Colebrooke-Cameron Commission. (14 marks)

(B) Examine the salient features of the religious and cultural revival during the second half of the nineteenth century. (14 marks)

9. Write short notes on the historical significance of any **two** of the following:

(i) Parākramabāhu II

(ii) Literature of the Kotte period

(iii) Portuguese and the Jaffna kingdom

(iv) Nāyakkār dynasty

(v) State Council

(vi) Republican Constitution of 1972

(07 marks for each)



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AL/2015/25/E-I

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது / All Rights Reserved

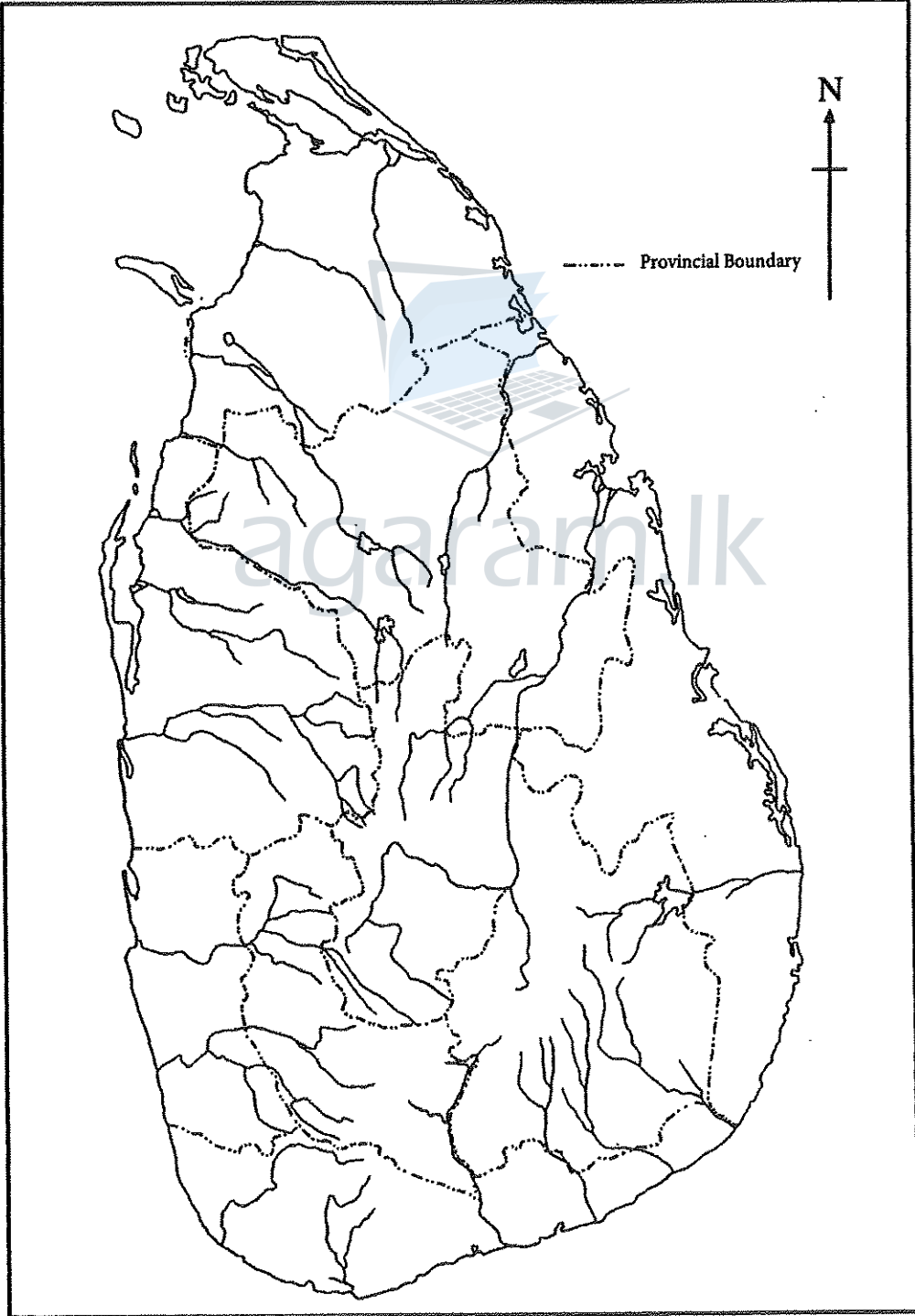
ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයන පොදු භාගික පාඨ (උසස් පෙළ) විභාග, 2015 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தரப் பரீட்சை, 2015) ஆகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

ඉතිහාසය I
வரலாறு I 25 E
History I

ප්‍රශ්න අංකය }
வினா இல. } 1
Question No. }

විභාග අංකය }
சுட்டுஎண் }
Index No. }



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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஆகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

ඉතිහාසය II (I කොටස)
 வரலாறு II (பகுதி I)
History II (Part I)

25-A E II

පැය තුනයි
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hours

History of India - From the earliest times to 1206 A.D.

Index No. :

Instructions:

- * This part consists of 40 questions. Answer all the questions on this paper itself.
- * For each question there are five responses of which only one is correct. When you have selected the correct answer to a question, mark your response on this paper according to the instructions given.
- * 40 marks will be awarded for this part.
- * Time allocated for both part I and part II is three hours.
- Attach part I to the answer script of part II when handing over.

PART I

● In each of the questions from 1 to 10 a group of five names are given. One of the names given in each group does not tally with the others. Select that name and write its number in the bracket.

1. (1) Yamunā (2) Sutlej (3) Beas
 (4) Rāvi (5) Chenab (.....)
2. (1) Malla (2) Kōliya (3) Kōsala
 (4) Videha (5) Sākya (.....)
3. (1) Kāsi inscription (2) Sopārā inscription (3) Dauli inscription
 (4) Nāsik inscription (5) Girnar inscription (.....)
4. (1) Haryanka (2) Sisunāga (3) Nanda
 (4) Māurya (5) Śaka (.....)
5. (1) Mahendra (2) Kuberanāga (3) Vyagrārāja
 (4) Swāmidatta (5) Vishṇugopa (.....)
6. (1) Ratnāvalī (2) Nāgānanda (3) Priyadharsikā
 (4) Mālavikāgnimitra (5) Harshacharita (.....)
7. (1) Dévanapiya (2) Nārayana (3) Kavirāj
 (4) Paramēshvara (5) Paramabhaṭṭāraka (.....)
8. (1) Vasumitra (2) Aśhvagosha (3) Vasubandhu
 (4) Nāgarjuna (5) Kātyāyana (.....)
9. (1) Vatsarāja (2) Dhruva (3) Nāgabhata
 (4) Harśhavardhana (5) Dharmapāla (.....)
10. (1) Rāstra (2) Valanādu (3) Maṇḍalam
 (4) Nādu (5) Kūrram (.....)

[see page two

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● In each of the questions from 11 to 15, five pairs of names are given. Among them there is one pair in which the names/expressions do not tally with one another. Identify that particular pair of names and write its number in the bracket.

11. (1) Vajji - Vaiśali
 (2) Vatsa - Kausāmbi
 (3) Kuru - Panchāla
 (4) Anga - Champā
 (5) Sūrasena - Mathurā (.....)
12. (1) Simuka - Sātavāhana
 (2) Gondophernes - Pārthian
 (3) Strato I - Yavana
 (4) Nahapāna - Saka
 (5) Chaṣṭana - Kānva (.....)
13. (1) Maski inscription - Aśoka
 (2) Ghandhara inscription - Kanishka
 (3) Bhitari inscription - Skandagupta
 (4) Hatthigumpā inscription - Khāravēla
 (5) Aihole inscription - Pulekeśin II (.....)
14. (1) Chedi - Kālinga
 (2) Cola - Madurai
 (3) Maitrakas - Valabhi
 (4) Pāla - Bèngal
 (5) Pushyabhūti - Thanesvar (.....)
15. (1) Pāninī - Aśtadyāyi
 (2) Patanjali - Mahābhāṣya
 (3) Ashvagosa - Śāriputra Prakarana
 (4) Bhāsa - Svapna Vāsavadattā
 (5) Kālidāsa - Daśakumara Charita (.....)

● For each of the questions from 16 to 20, some names/statements/dates are given in columns X and Y. The names/statements/dates given in column Y have some affinity with those in column X. But they are not arranged in the proper order of sequence. When they are arranged in the proper order one of the five combinations given below is correct. Write the number of the correct combination in the bracket.

16. X Y
 (i) Kāveri A Mohenjodāro
 (ii) Narmadā B Bhārukachcha
 (iii) Indus C Kanauj
 (iv) Yamunā D Tanjore
 (v) Gangā E Indraprasta
 (1) ADCBE (2) BEDCA (3) CAEDB (4) DBAEC (5) ECBAD (.....)
17. X Y
 (i) Caturveda A Rig, Yajur, Sāma, Atharvan
 (ii) Caturvarṇa B Dukka, Samudaya, Nirodha, Mārga
 (iii) Caturāshrama C Brahmācāri, Gruhastha, Vānaprastha, Sanyāsi
 (iv) Catursatya D Brāhmana, Kshatriya, Vaisya, Sudra
 (v) Caturupāyamārga E Sāma, Dāna, Bhēda, Danda
 (1) ADCBE (2) BEDCA (3) CAEDB (4) DBAEC (5) ECBAD (.....)
18. X Y
 (i) Dandin A Chandrgupta Maurya
 (ii) Hariśena B Chandragupta Vikramaditya
 (iii) Kālidāsa C Samudragupta
 (iv) Kautilya D Pushyamitra Sunga
 (v) Pathanjali E Narasimhavarman I
 (1) ADCBE (2) BEDCA (3) CAEDB (4) DBAEC (5) ECBAD (.....)

19. X Y
- (i) Ajantā A Pallava Rathas
(ii) Mahabalipuram B Hindu temples
(iii) Mathurā C Cave paintings
(iv) Nālandā D Buddhist Educational Institute
(v) Tanjore E Image of Buddha
- (1) ADCBE (2) BEDCA (3) CAEDB (4) DBAEC (5) ECBAD (.....)

20. X Y
- (i) Sōma A Administrative unit
(ii) Niśhka B Sacred drink
(iii) Kula C Fortress city
(iv) Pūr D Family
(v) Rāstra E Kind of ancient gold coins
- (1) ADCBE (2) BEDCA (3) CAEDB (4) DBAEC (5) ECBAD (.....)

● For questions 21 to 25 select the correct answer and write its number in the bracket.

21. What is the Harappan town, where ruins of a granary were found?
(1) Mohenjodaro (2) Harappā (3) Kalibangan (4) Lōthāl (5) Chanhudāro (.....)
22. What is the language in which a majority of Mahāyana texts are composed?
(1) Brāhmi (2) Pāli (3) Kannada (4) Sanskrit (5) Kharoṣṭhi (.....)
23. Under whose patronage did the Sangam literature flourish?
(1) Cōlas (2) Sātavāhanas (3) Pāndyans (4) Pallavas (5) Chalukyas (.....)
24. Name the Gupta princess, who ruled the Vākāṭaka kingdom.
(1) Dattadēvi (2) Kumaradēvi (3) Dhruvādēvi
(4) Prabhāvatī Guptā (5) Kuberanāgā (.....)
25. Which Pallava king assumed the title of 'Vātāpikonda'?
(1) Mahendravarman I (2) Narasimhavarman I
(3) Parameshvaravarman (4) Nandivarman
(5) Dantivarman (.....)

● In each of the questions from 26 to 30 five items are listed under one heading, one of those items does not relate to the particular heading. Select that item and write its number in the bracket.

26. Rig-vedic Age
(1) The chief occupation of the Rig-Vedic people was agriculture.
(2) The society was in a tribal state.
(3) Agni, Indra and Varuṇa were the prominent gods during this period.
(4) Several powerful kingdoms came to prominence in the Gangetic valley during this age.
(5) The Vedic people did not worship images. (.....)
27. North-Western India after Mauryas.
(1) Series of foreign invasions occurred after the downfall of the Mauryan empire.
(2) The first invaders from Central Asia were Indo-Greeks or Bactrian Greeks.
(3) Demetrius crossed Hindukush and established his rule in western Punjab.
(4) Peshawar was the capital of the Indo-Greek rulers.
(5) Among the Indo-Greek rulers, Menander is regarded as the greatest ruler. (.....)
28. Sātavāhanas
(1) Nasik inscription mentions that the Sātavāhanas were Brāhmanas.
(2) Āndhrā Pradesh, the region between Godāvari and Krishna was the main territory under Sātavāhanas.
(3) Sātakarṇi I assumed the title of Dakṣiṇapathapati.
(4) The most outstanding ruler among the Sātavāhanas was Gautamiputra Sātakarṇi.
(5) Gautamiputra Sātakarṇi was defeated and killed by Nahapāna. (.....)

[see page four



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ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාග, 2015 අගෝස්තු
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஆகஸ்ட்
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

ඉතිහාසය II (II කොටස)
 வரலாறு II (பகுதி II)
 History II (Part II)

25-A E II

History of India - From the earliest times to 1206 A.D.

Instructions:

* Answer question No. 01 and three others.

(An outline map of India is provided for answering question No. 01)

PART II

- Mark and name all the places given below on the map provided and write short historical notes on any two of them.
 (i) Makrān pass (ii) Yamunā river (iii) Kalinga (iv) Taxila
 (v) Kānchi (vi) Lōthāl (vii) Vindyā Range (viii) Bhārukachcha
 (01 mark for each item marked and named correctly; 05 marks for each short note)
- Explain the manner in which the north-western passes influenced the History of India. (14 marks)
- Discuss the salient features of the religious beliefs and practices of the Harappan people. (14 marks)
- Examine the political conditions in North India during the sixth century B.C. (14 marks)
- "Chandragupta was the founder of the Mauryan empire in India."
 (i) Who was the last ruler of the Nanda dynasty defeated by Chandragupta Maurya? (01 mark)
 (ii) Give names of two Mauryan rulers except Chandragupta Maurya. (02 marks)
 (iii) Explain briefly the political situation in India before Chandragupta Maurya ascended the throne. (04 marks)
 (iv) Critically examine the above statement. (07 marks)
- Discuss the achievements of Kaniṣhka under following headings.
 (i) Political activities
 (ii) Cultural developments (14 marks)
- Explain the historical significance of any two of the following topics pertaining to the Gupta empire.
 (i) Allahabad Praśasti
 (ii) Expansion of the empire under Chandragupta II
 (iii) Development of literature under Gupta rulers
 (iv) Huna invasion
 (v) Administration under the Guptas (07 marks for each)
- "The Pallava age marks a developed stage of South Indian Culture."
 (i) Name one of the main centres of Pallava architecture. (01 mark)
 (ii) Name two Pallava rulers who contributed to the development of the culture of Pallavas. (02 marks)
 (iii) Explain briefly the main features of the Pallava art and architecture. (04 marks)
 (iv) Examine the above statement with reference to archaeological sources. (07 marks)
- Answer either part (A) or part (B) only.
 (A) Assess the contribution of Rajendra Cōla I to the expansion of the Cōla empire. (14 marks)
 (B) Examine the Turk-Afghan invasions of India prior to 1206 A.D. (14 marks)



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AL/2015/25-A/E-II

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது / All Rights Reserved

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
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Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

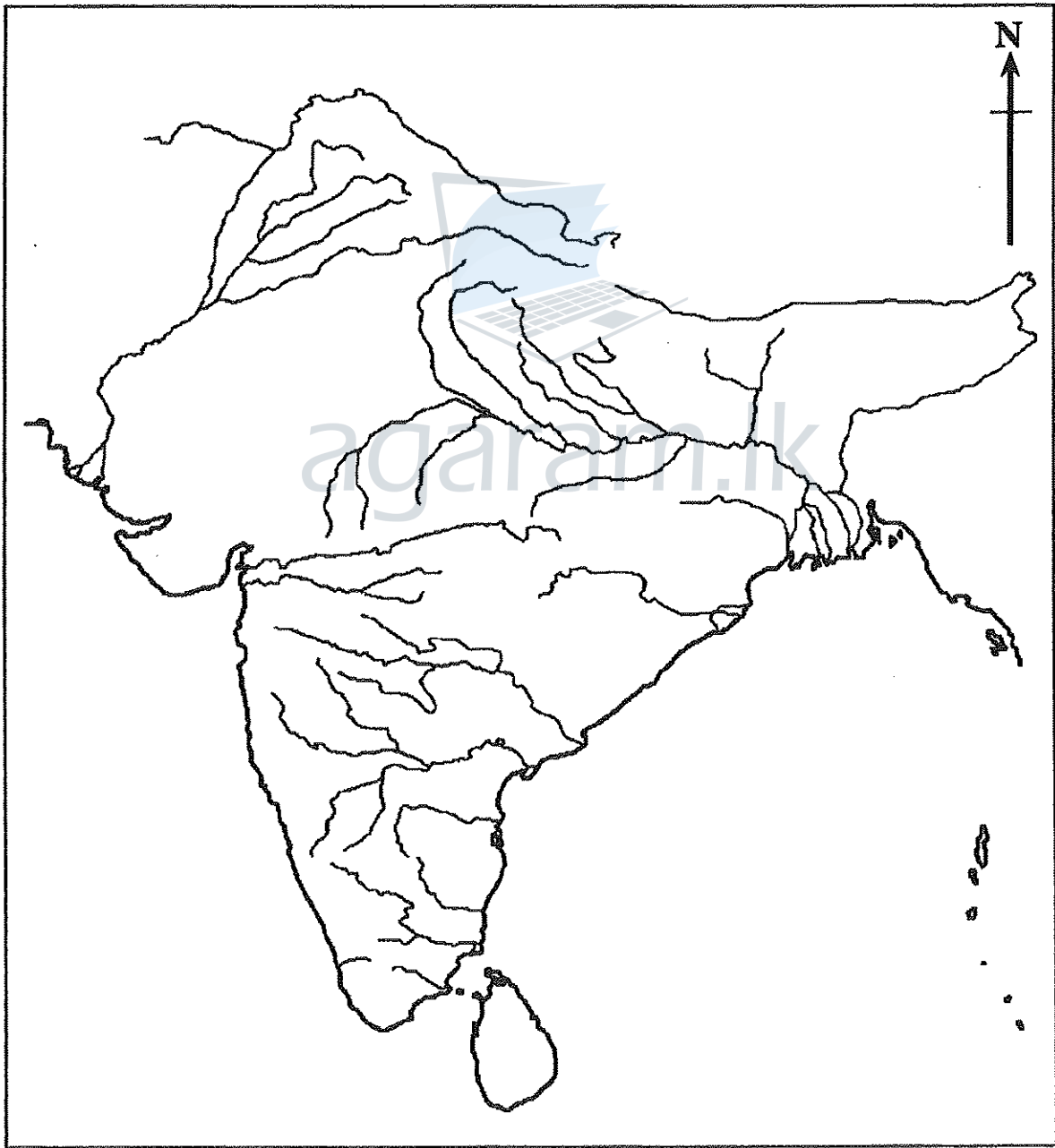
අධ්‍යයන වෛද්‍ය සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஆகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

ඉතිහාසය II
வரலாறு II
History II

25-A E

ප්‍රශ්න අංකය }
வினா இல. } 1
Question No. }

විභාග අංකය }
கட்டுமண் }
Index No. }



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● In each of the questions from 11 to 15, five pairs of names are given. Among them there is one pair in which the names/expressions do not tally with one another. Identify that particular pair of names and write its number in the bracket.

11. (1) Hundred Years' War - England and France
 (2) Wars of the Roses - England and France
 (3) Seven Years' War - England and France
 (4) Crimean War - Russia and Turkey
 (5) Seven weeks' War - Austria and Prussia (.....)
12. (1) Sforza - Milan
 (2) Medici - Florence
 (3) Este - Ferrara
 (4) Valois - Naples
 (5) Gonzaga - Mantua (.....)
13. (1) Bartholomew Dias - Sailing to the Southern tip of the African Continent
 (2) Christopher Columbus - Landing on the Caribbean islands
 (3) Amerigo Vespucci - Discovery of the Pacific Ocean
 (4) Vasco da Gama - Discovery of an all-water route to the Orient
 (5) Ferdinand Magellan - Circumnavigation of the globe (.....)
14. (1) Bill of Rights - Glorious Revolution
 (2) Declaration of Independence - American Revolution
 (3) Declaration of the Rights of Man - French Revolution
 (4) Communist Manifesto - Paris Commune
 (5) Universal Declaration of Human Rights - United Nations Organization (.....)
15. (1) Nation of shopkeepers - England
 (2) Only a geographic expression - Italy
 (3) Sick man of Europe - Turkey
 (4) Dark continent - Africa
 (5) Empire where the sun never sets - France (.....)

● For each of the questions from 16 to 25, some names/statements/dates are given in columns X and Y. The names/statements/dates given in column Y have some affinity with those in column X. But they are not arranged in the proper order of sequence. When they are arranged in the proper order one of the five combinations given below is correct. Write the number of the correct combination in the bracket.

16. X Y
 (i) Zeus A Goddess of love
 (ii) Poseidon B Goddess of wisdom and patroness of crafts
 (iii) Aphrodite C God of the sky
 (iv) Athena D God of wine
 (v) Dionysus E God of the sea
 (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
17. X Y
 (i) Protagoras A 'Man is a political animal.'
 (ii) Socrates B 'True law is right reason in agreement with nature.'
 (iii) Hippocrates C 'Virtue is knowledge.'
 (iv) Aristotle D 'Man is the measure of all things.'
 (v) Cicero E 'Every disease has a natural cause.'
 (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
18. X Y
 (i) Plato A Decameron
 (ii) Dante B The Republic
 (iii) Boccaccio C The Prince
 (iv) Machiavelli D Utopia
 (v) Thomas More E Divine Comedy
 (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)

19. X Y
- (i) Ptolemy A Planets travel in elliptical paths around the sun.
(ii) Copernicus B Universal gravitation
(iii) Kepler C Manufacturing the telescope
(iv) Galileo Galilei D Sun-centered universe
(v) Isaac Newton E Earth-centered universe
- (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
20. X Y
- (i) Edict of Milan (313) A Henry IV
(ii) Magna Carta (1215) B Metternich
(iii) Edict of Nantes (1598) C Napoleon Bonaparte
(iv) Berlin Decrees (Continental System, 1806) D Constantine
(v) Carlsbad Decrees E King John
- (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
21. X Y
- (i) Barbarian invasions A Outbreak of the American Revolution
(ii) Fall of Constantinople B Outbreak of World War I
(iii) Boston Tea Party C Outbreak of the French Revolution
(iv) Fall of the Bastille D Beginning of the Renaissance
(v) Assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria E Downfall of the Western Roman Empire
- (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
22. X Y
- (i) Humanism A Rousseau
(ii) Separation of Powers B Jeremy Bentham
(iii) Theory of Social Contract C Francis Petrarch
(iv) Utilitarianism D Karl Marx
(v) Scientific Socialism E Montesquieu
- (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
23. X Y
- (i) John Wycliffe A Dutch
(ii) John Huss B English
(iii) Erasmus C Swiss
(iv) Ulrich Zwingli D French
(v) John Calvin E Bohemian (Czech)
- (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
24. X Y
- (i) Louis XIV A 'Workingmen of all countries, unite!'
(ii) Napoleon Bonaparte B 'Imperialism is the highest stage in Capitalism.'
(iii) Bismarck C 'I am the Revolution.'
(iv) Karl Marx D 'I am the state.'
(v) V.I. Lenin E 'The great questions of the day are decided not by speeches and majority votes but by blood and iron.'
- (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)
25. X Y
- (i) Alexander Kerensky A Socialism in one country
(ii) Leon Trotsky B Glasnost (openness) and Perestroika (economic restructuring)
(iii) Joseph Stalin C New Economic Policy
(iv) V.I. Lenin D Permanent Revolution
(v) Mikhail Gorbachev E Provisional Government
- (1) DCEAB (2) CEABD (3) DEACB (4) BEACD (5) EDACB (.....)



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ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

ඉතිහාසය I (II කොටස)
 வரலாறு I (பகுதி II)
History I (Part II)

25-B E II

History of Europe - From the earliest times to 1989 A.D.

Instructions:
 * Answer question No. 01 and three others.
 * (An outline map of Europe is provided for answering question No. 01)

PART II

1. Mark and name all the places given below on the map provided and write short historical notes on any two of them.

| | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| (i) Sicily | (ii) Seine River | (iii) Black Sea | (iv) Venice |
| (v) Portugal | (vi) English Channel | (vii) Berlin | (viii) Liverpool |

(01 mark for each item marked and named correctly; 05 marks for each short note)
2. Trace briefly the expansion of Roman power under the following headings:

| | |
|---|------------|
| (i) Conquest of Italy | (14 marks) |
| (ii) Punic Wars | |
| (iii) Subjugation of the Hellenistic states | |
3.

| | |
|--|------------|
| (i) Analyse briefly the factors which led to the Renaissance in Italy. | (06 marks) |
| (ii) Examine the main features of the Renaissance. | (08 marks) |
4. "The Protestant Reformation shattered the religious unity of Europe and weakened the church."

| | |
|---|------------|
| (i) Name the leader of the Protestant Reformation. | (01 mark) |
| (ii) Name the country where the Protestant Reformation began. | (01 mark) |
| (iii) State briefly the factors which led to the emergence of the Protestant Reformation in that country. | (05 marks) |
| (iv) Examine the above statement paying attention to the major results of the Protestant Reformation. | (07 marks) |
5.

| | |
|---|------------|
| (i) Examine the main factors which led to the outbreak of the American War of Independence. | (10 marks) |
| (ii) Explain briefly its importance in modern history. | (04 marks) |
6. "The Congress of Vienna sought to re-establish many features of the Europe that existed before the French Revolution."

| | |
|--|------------|
| (i) Name the Austrian Chancellor who played an important role at the Congress of Vienna. | (01 mark) |
| (ii) Name two countries except Austria which participated in the Congress of Vienna. | (02 marks) |
| (iii) Write a brief account of the main aims of the Congress of Vienna. | (04 marks) |
| (iv) Critically examine the above statement with reference to the major decisions arrived at the Congress of Vienna. | (07 marks) |
7. Trace the main stages in the unification of Italy from 1848 to 1870. (14 marks)

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8. "The rise of Fascism and Nazism after World War I made the World War II inevitable."
(i) Name the **two** countries where Fascism and Nazism emerged. (02 marks)
(ii) Name the most prominent Fascist leader and the Nazi leader of those two countries. (02 marks)
(iii) Write a brief account of the factors which led to the rise of Fascism and Nazism in those countries after World War I. (03 marks)
(iv) Examine the above statement taking into account the main causes of World War II. (07 marks)
9. Answer **either** Part (A) **or** Part (B) only.
(A) Write short notes on the historical significance of any **two** of the following:
(i) Henry the Navigator (ii) New Monarchies
(iii) Napoleon Bonaparte (iv) Revolutions of 1848
(v) League of Nations (vi) Bolshevik Revolution (07 marks for each)
- (B) (i) Define what is meant by the 'Cold War'. (05 marks)
(ii) Examine the manner in which it affected European politics up to 1986. (09 marks)



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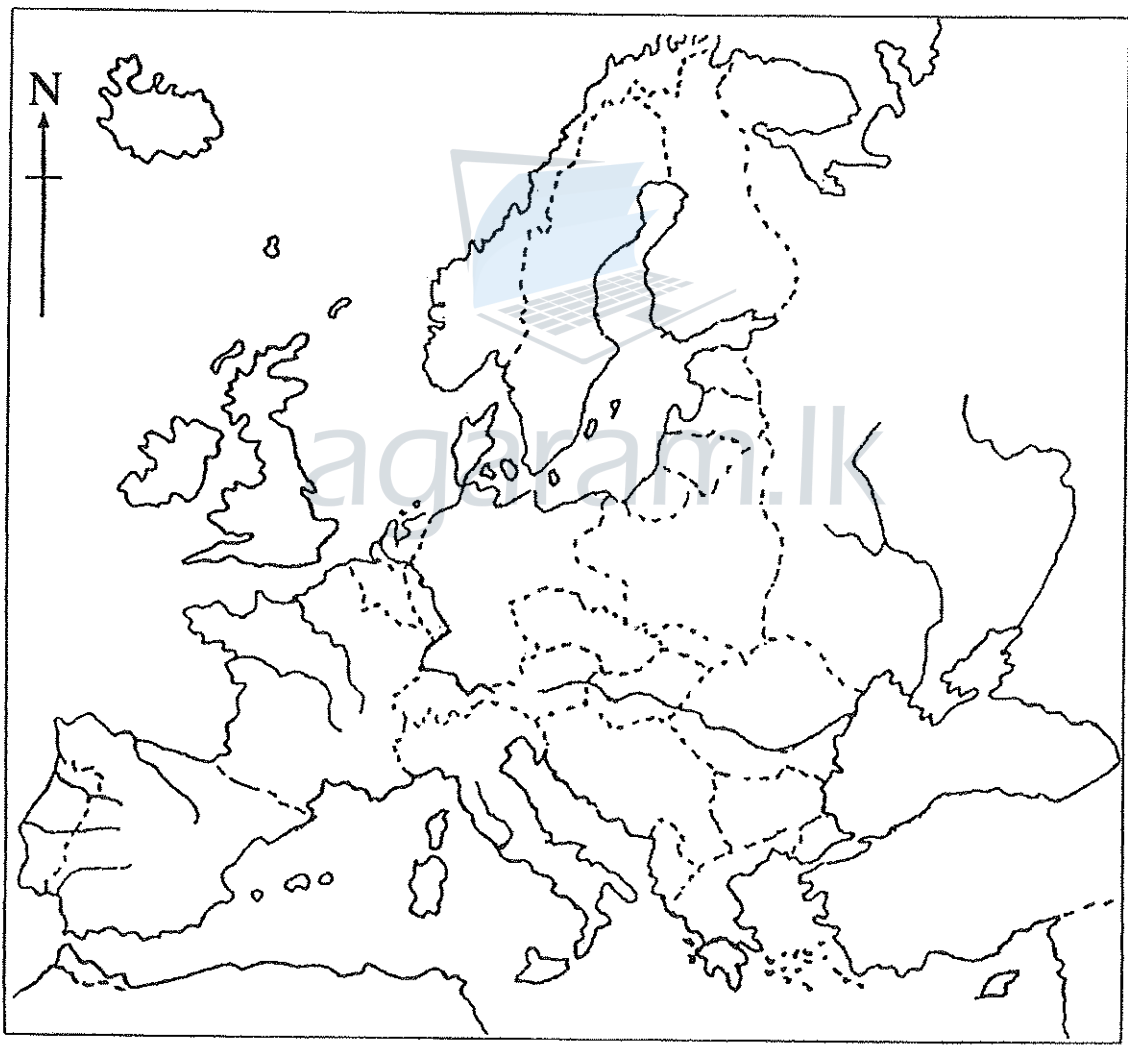
ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සෙස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු
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General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

| | | |
|---------|----|---------------|
| ඉතිහාසය | II | 25-B E |
| வரலாறு | II | |
| History | II | |

ප්‍රශ්න අංකය } **1**
வினா இல. }
Question No. }

විභාග අංකය }
சுட்டுண்ண }
Index No. }



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