
Nalanda College – Colombo 10
Unit Evaluation
Grade 10
 English Language
 Unit 3

Name:

Class:

1. Complete the sentences using **going to** or **will** with the given verb. First one is done for you.

1. Look at those clouds. It is **going to rain** (rain).
2. I think he _____ (like) this book.
3. Thanks for lending me the money. I _____ (return) it to you on Friday.
4. I am _____ (talk) to my teacher about it today.
5. Watch out! Your phone is _____ (fall) in the river.
6. Don't worry, I _____ (not/tell) anyone your secret.
7. I'm certain it _____ (not/rain) on Saturday.
8. I feel very hot, I think I am _____ (faint).
9. We are _____ (watch) cartoons this weekend.
10. I _____ (bake) an apple cake. I promise.
11. Sorry, I am not free tomorrow. I _____ (visit) my best friend.
12. _____ you _____ (help) me clean the car?
13. Every student _____ (have) a laptop in 2021.
14. Mitchel _____ be 17 next month.
15. Those tomatoes look delicious. I _____ (buy) some for dinner.
16. I have a lot of tests next week. So I am _____ (study) in the library after school.
17. I am _____ (study) a new subject next year.
18. It _____ (probably/rain) tomorrow.

Agaram.LK - Keep your dreams alive!

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2. Active and Passive Voice - Present Continuous Tense

- Active sentences in the Present Continuous tense have the following structure
Subject + is/ are/ am + -ing form of the verb +object
- Passive Sentence in the Present Continuous tense have the following structure
Object of the active sentence + is/ are/ am + being + past participle form of the verb +
by + subject of the active sentence

Now write the given sentences in passive voice. The first one has been done for you.

1. I am reading a story book.
A story book is being read by me.

2. She is singing a song.

3. The carpenter is making furniture.

4. She is not writing a story.

5. Sheila is drinking a cup of tea.

6. My father is washing the car.

7. Farmer Joe is milking the cows.

8. Nimal is taking a picture of his father.

9. I am writing a poem.

10. We are not playing football.

11. He is not wearing a tie.

12. Is she preparing the party?

13. Are they talking about the meeting?

14. Is she watering the flowers?

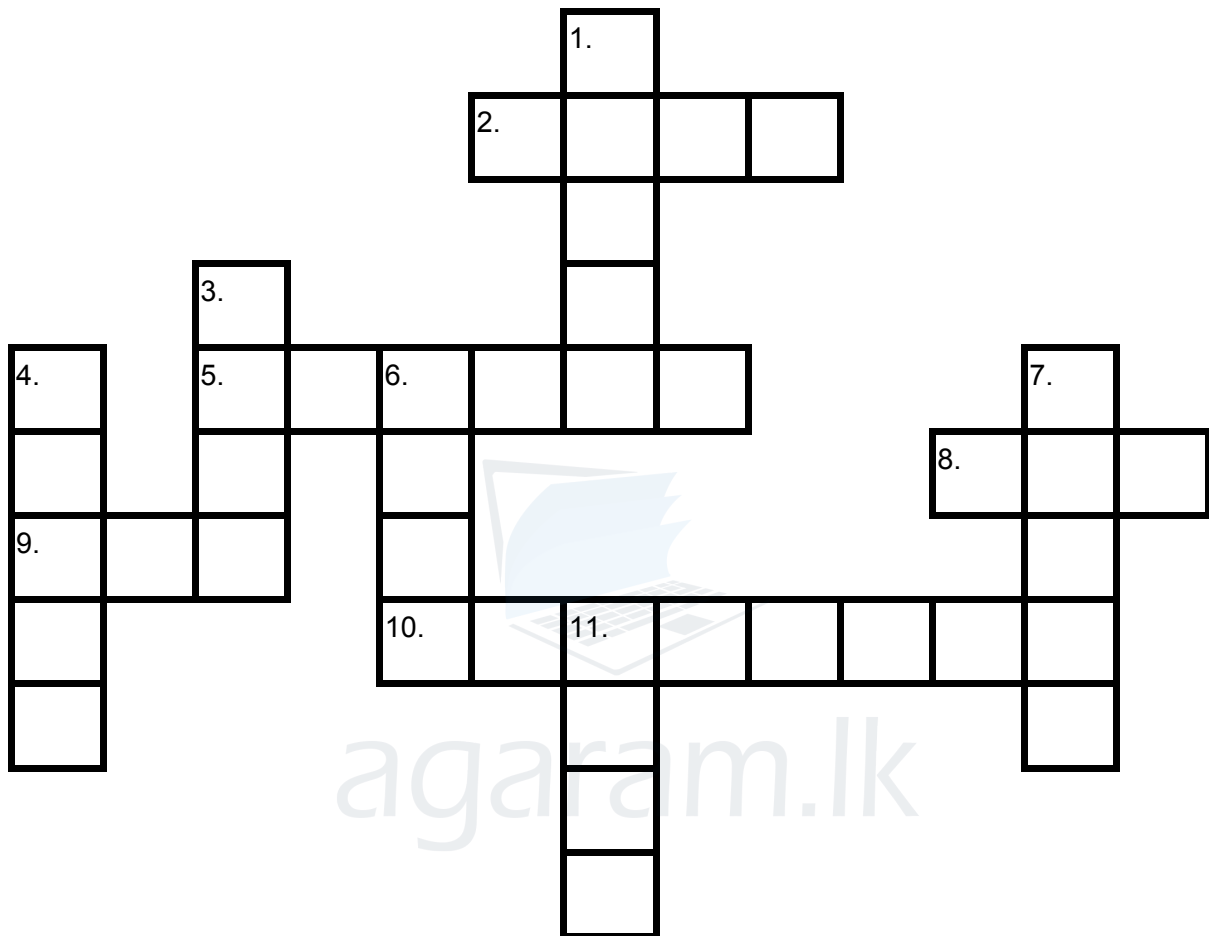
3. Put the word in brackets in the correct form to complete the banks. You will have to use prefixes and / or suffixes

The first one has been done for you.

1. He was sitting **comfortably** in his seat on the train (comfort)
2. He was acting in a very _____ way. (child)
3. This word is very difficult to spell, and even worse, it's _____. (pronounced)
4. He has lost his book again. I don't know where he has _____ it this time. (place)
5. He didn't pass his exam last year. He was _____ for the second time. (succeed)
6. Some of the shanty towns are dreadfully _____. (crowd)
7. The team that he supported were able to win the _____. (champion)
8. I couldn't find any _____ in his theory. (weak)
9. He wants to be a _____ when he grows up. (mathematics)
10. You need to be a highly trained _____ to understand this report. (economy)
11. There were only a _____ of people at the match. (hand)
12. The road was too narrow, so they had to _____ it. (wide)
13. He was accused of _____ documents. (false)
14. They had to _____ the lion before they could catch it. (*tranquil)
15. He needed to _____ the temperature. (regular)

*tranquil - free from disturbance; calm

4. Antonyms are words that have opposite meanings. Select the best antonym from the word box to replace each embolden word in the clues below. Complete the puzzle with those antonyms.



Across

- 2. The veterinarian said our turtle was very **healthy**
- 5. The audience was very **rude**
- 8. We were **happy** when our friend move away
- 9. Please do not **walk** in the auditorium
- 10. The speaker was very **dull**

Down

- 1. I prefer the **dark** coloured shirt
- 3. Please **close** the door when you leave
- 4. An elephant is a **small** animal
- 6. Their flight arrived **early**
- 7. I always **cry** when I read that book
- 11. Nights in the desert can be very **warm**

Word Box

- late
- open
- cool
- sick
- polite
- laugh
- sad
- light
- large
- exciting
- run

5. Fill in the blanks of the sentences by substituting the opposites of the words in the box given below

shallow	coarse	retreat	seldom
permanent	cheap	blunt	modern
bad	exterior	worse	cold
small	clean	maximum	

1. Uncle David _____ comes to our house. (often)
2. The _____ salary is Rs. 55000.00 a month. (minimum)
3. The _____ of the school is to be painted. (interior)
4. Mr. Silva's job is a _____ one. (temporary)
5. The church is quite an _____ building. (ancient)
6. Both blades of this pocket-knife are very _____. (sharp)
7. The general ordered his troops to _____. (advance)
8. Mary's writing is much _____ than it used to be. (better)
9. This sandpaper is too _____. (fine)
10. It is _____ outside. (hot)
11. This seems like a _____ restaurant. (good)
12. This castle is _____. (huge)
13. She did not want to live in that _____ apartment. (dirty)
14. The river was _____ in some parts. (deep)
15. That emerald ring is _____. (expensive)

6. Write two antonyms for each of the following words. (words are given in the box)

often	hopeful	out of date	serious	ban
frequently	prohibit	optimistic	past	major

1. Permit -
2. Petty -
3. Rarely -
4. Modern -
5. Pessimistic -

7. Read the following text and answer the questions given below it.

While I was waiting along the road the other day I happened to notice a small brown leather purse lying on the pavement. I picked it up and opened it to see if I could find out the owner's name. There was nothing inside it except some small change and a rather old photograph - a picture of a woman and a young girl about twelve years old, who looked like the woman's daughter. I put the photograph back and took the purse to the police station, where I handed it to the sergeant in charge. Before I left, the sergeant made a note of my name and address in case the owner of the purse wanted to write and thank me.

That evening I went to have dinner with an uncle and aunt of mine. They had also invited another person, a young woman, so that there would be four people at the table. The young woman's face was **familiar**, but I could not remember where I had seen it. I was quite sure that we had not met before. In the course of conversation, however, the young woman happened to remark that she had lost her purse that afternoon. I at once remember where I had seen her face. She was the young girl in the photograph, although she was now much older. Of course she was very surprised when I was able to describe her purse to her. Then I explained that I had recognized her face from the photograph I had found in the purse. My uncle insisted on going round to the police station immediately to **claim** the purse. As the police sergeant handed it over, he said that it was a remarkable coincidence that I had found not only the purse but also the person who had lost it.

1. Choose the best answer
The purse which the writer found
 - a. was empty
 - b. had some money in it
 - c. had a few coins and a photography in it
 - d. had an old photograph in it

2. Answer the following questions briefly, in your own words as far as possible. Use one complete sentence for each answer
 - a. Why did the sergeant make a note of the writer's name and address?

 - b. Where did they go to get the purse back?

3. Answer the questions, using only short form answers
 - a. Did the writer find the owner's name in the purse?

 - b. Was the young woman surprised when the writer described her purse?

4. Choose the best explanation according to the context
- a. familiar means
 - i. common
 - ii. known
 - iii. famous
 - iv. domestic
 - b. claim means
 - i. pretend
 - ii. identify
 - iii. ask for
 - iv. take

