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#### PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION NORTH WESTERN PROVINCE

# THIRD TERM TEST 2019

# Grade 11 60 - Business & Accounting Studies (new syllabus) - I,II

03 Hours

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|------------|-------|------|--|
| Name /     | Indev | No   |  |
| I vallic / | HILLO | INU. |  |

## **Business & Accounting Studies - I**

- Answer all questions.
- In each of the questions from 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1),(2),(3),(4) which consider as correct or most appropriate.
- Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.
- Using following case answer questions No 01 05.

People who affected due to recent drought of the Northeast monsoon winds are activated, floods have destroyed many paddy fields and houses. The Air force deployed helicopters to rescue people from flood hit areas. The department of social services distributed food items to the displaced people.

- 01. The needs relate to the above case are,
  - (1) food, communication, security, clothes (2) food, transportation, entertainment, shelter
  - (3) food, transportation, security, shelter (4) food, education, transportation, cloths.
- 02. Damage to cultivated lands due to drought and floods is affected the business as,
  - (1) a threat
- (2) an opportunity
- (3) a strength
- (4) a weakness
- 03. What is the factor of production that "the cultivated lands" of this case belong to?
  - (1) Land
- (2) labour
- (3) capital
- (4) entrepreneurship
- 04. Select the corrected statement on transportation medium of this case,
  - (1) suitable to transport a large quantity of goods in one instance.
  - (2) not higher cost of transportation.
  - (3) It is not suitable for transporting spoiled goods quickly.
  - (4) Having a higher accessibility
- 05. The department of social services,
  - (1) is a profit oriented public sector business organization.
  - (2) is funded by the annual budget of the governments
  - (3) should not be act in accordance with the provisions in government financial regulations and different circulars.
  - (4) is managed by a board of directors
- 06. Select the business organization which is not having a legal personality.
  - (1) Ceylon biscuits company
- (2) State pharmaceutical corporation
- (3) Sri Lanka Railway Department
- (4) Dialog Asiatica company
- 07. It is required to submit an application to register the business name within how many days of commencing?
  - (1) 7 days
- (2) 14 days
- (3) 15 days
- (4) 21 days



- 08. It is **not** an advantage for a savings account holder (1) receiving an interest income (2) ability to withdraw money easily (3) ability to receive credit cards (4) receiving security for money. 09. Mr. Mihindu Ariyarathne sold his motor vehicle to Mr. Hemal Bandara and the motor vehicle was insured by Mr. Hemal Bandara in Sri Lanka Insurance corporation. Select the not related party for this insurance coverage. (1) Sri Lanka insurance corporation (2) Hemal Bandara
- (3) The Motor vehicle (4) Mihindu Bandara 10. Select a crossing which is provided more security for a cheque.
  - Peoples Bank Mahawa. Peoples Bank (1)
- 11. Mrs. Samanthi Silva conducts a beauty saloon. Due to her business activities she can't pay her life insurance premium on time. Select the most suitable method to pay her insurance premium.
  - (1) paying by using a debit card
- (2) paying by a cheque
- (3) paying on standing order
- (4) giving cash to the insurance agent
- 12. The principal expects to get the support from all the teachers to buy prizes for the prize giving ceremony of the school. What is the most suitable communication medium to inform the teachers,
  - (1) Notice board
- (2) Telephone
- (3) letter
- (4) loud speaker
- 13. Select the initial factor to be considered, When selecting an appropriate transportation medium to transport garbage from Colombo to Aruwak Aru.
  - (1) cost

- (2) being common (3) capacity
- (4) speed
- 14. Select the statement which is not related to management function "Controlling"
  - (1) motivating employees to do their duties
    - (2) finding out whether the products are produced with the expected quality.
    - (3) finding out whether the products have been sold as planned.
    - (4) planning necessary measures to avoid errors.
- 15. An activity belongs to marketing is,
  - (1) Launching a training programme to the sales employees.
  - (2) Preparing a plan for the production and sale of the product.
  - (3) examining the quality of a good.
  - (4) Finding out consumer feed back regarding the good.
- 16. Ramal Siriwardana is expecting to invest Rs. 500 000 which was he saved. Following benefits are expected from this investment,
  - ability to earn an interest at a fixed rate
  - ability to convert into cash at any time.
  - A full guarantee from the government is given that the invested money will be paid back.

What is the investment method which Ramal should be selected?

(1) investing in shares

(2) purchasing properties

(3) investing in treasury bills

(4) opening a fixed deposit



17. Following accounting equation an be seen in a business.

equity liabilities assets Rs. 75 000 Rs. 25000 Rs. 100 000

Select the corrected accounting equation after occurring the following transaction.

"Owner has taken Rs. 5000 from the business for his personal uses."

assets (Rs.) liabilities (Rs.) equity (Rs.)

- Rs. 75 000 (1) Rs. 105 000 Rs. 30000
- Rs. 95 000 Rs. 70000 Rs. 25 000 (2)
- (3) Rs. 100 000 Rs. 75000 Rs. 25000
- (4) Rs. 95 000 Rs. 75 000 Rs. 20000
- 18. Select the transaction which is not affected to the equity.
  - (1) Paid rates Rs. 400
  - (2) Received additional income Rs. 500
  - (3) Paid to creditors Rs. 5 000 from the owners private cash.
  - (4) Paid accrued electricity charges Rs. 2000
- 19. A cheque received from a debtor amounting Rs. 5 000 is deposited to the bank at the time of receipt. The source document is ...Q... and the prime entry book is ...Q. for recording above transaction. Select the answer for above blanks ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... respectively.
  - (1) receipt, cash book

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- (2) receipt, bank account
- (3) cheque deposit form, cash book
- (4) cheque deposit form, bank account
- 20. "Purchased trade stock Rs. 20 000 on credit of Aravinda's business." Select the related double entry to record above transaction.
  - Rs. 20000 (1) Trade stock acc. Dr.

20000 Cash acc. Cr.

(2) Trade stock acc. Dr. Rs. 20000

> Creditors acc. Cr. 20000

Dr. Rs. 20000 (3) Purchases acc.

> Cash acc. Cr. 20000

(4) Purchases acc. Dr. Rs. 20000

> Creditors acc. Cr. 20000

- 21. Following information is extracted from Harsha's business for the year ended 31.12.2018
  - Capital Rs. 500 000
  - Sales income Rs. 75000
  - commission income Rs. 50 000
  - expenses for the year Rs. 50 000
  - drawings Rs. 10000

The equity of Harsha's business as at 31. 12. 2018 is,

- (1) Rs. 550000 (2) Rs. 565 000
- (3) Rs. 590 000
- (4) Rs. 625 000



(03)

| 22. | Nimal's business purchased trade stock Rs. 25 000 from Kamal's business on credit after deducting |
|-----|---|
|     | 10% discount.   |

Rs. 25 000

The corrected journal entry to record above transaction.

(1) Purchases acc. Dr.

Kamal's acc. Cr. Rs. 25 000

(2) Kamal's acc. Dr. Rs. 25 000

Purchases acc. Cr. Rs. 25 000

(3) Purchases acc. Dr. Rs. 22 500

Kamal's acc. Cr. Rs. 22 500

(4) Purchases acc. Dr. Rs. 25 000

Kamal's acc. Cr. Rs. 22 500
Discount acc. Cr. Rs. 2500

- 23. Following information is given for you.
  - A Sold trade goods Rs. 5000 on cash
  - B Purchased a machine Rs. 100 000 on credit from Ruwan for the use of the business.
  - C Purchased trade goods Rs. 20 000 on credit
  - D owner has taken cash Rs. 5000 from the business for his personal uses.

Select the transaction which is recorded in the general journal

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

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24. Following two transactions were occured in Amal's business.

Sales on cash Rs. 12000

Paid salary Rs. 14000

Select the source documents used to record above transactions in prime entry books respectively.

- (1) sales invoice, purchase invoice
- (2) receipt, purchases invoice
- (3) receipt, payment voucher
- (4) payment voucher, journal voucher
- 25. The petty cash imprest was Rs. 5 000 of a business. As at 31.03.2019, the petty cash balance was Rs. 800 and the reimbursed amount was Rs. 5 200 on that day.

What is the increased amount of the petty cash imprest since March?

- (1) Rs. 800
- (2) Rs.1000
- (3) Rs. 2000
- (4) Rs. 5 000

### • Using following information answer question no. 26 & 27

The balance of the bank account was Rs. 15 500 of a business as at 31.10.2019 and the balance of the bank statement was different on that day. Later following reasons were revealed.

- A bank charges Rs. 500
- B Direct remittances of investment income Rs. 5 000
- C Insurance premium paid on standing orders Rs. 2500
- D deposited but unrealized chaques Rs. 4500
- 26. The transactions which are adjusted the bank balance are,
  - (1) A and B only (2) B and C only
- (3) A, B and C only (4) A, B and D only
- 27. The balance of the bank statement as at 31.10.2019 is,
  - (1) Rs. 13 000
- (2) Rs. 17500
- (3) Rs. 20500
- (4) Rs. 22 000

(04)



## **Grade 11**

# **Business & Accounting Studies - I - continuation**

• Using following information answer question no. 28 & 29.

Paid electricity bill Rs. 5 400 has been recorded in electricity bill account as Rs. 4500 of Keshala's business.

- 28. As above error,
  - (1) It is not affected to the equality of the Trial Balance.
  - (2) It is generated a credit balance of Rs. 900 of suspense account.
  - (3) As the credit column of the Trial Balance is decreased by Rs. 900 and it should be transferred to the suspense acc.
  - (4) The debit column of the Trial balance shows 900 less.
- 29. The corrected journal entry to rectify above error is,

(1) suspense acc. Dr. Rs. 900 electricity acc. Cr. Rs. 900 (2) electricity acc. Dr. Rs. 5400 cash acc. Cr. Rs. 5400 (3) electricity acc. Dr. Rs. 900 suspense acc. Cr. Rs. 900 Dr. Rs. 1800 (4) electricity acc. Rs. 1800

suspense acc. Cr. Rs. 1800
30. Select the **incorrect** statement relates to not for profit organizations.

- (1) Receipt & Payment account is prepared on cash basis and income & expense account is prepared on accrued basis.
- (2) Receipt & Payment account shows the cash balance and income & expense account shows the profit or loss.
- (3) Receipt & Payment account is very similar to the cash book and the income & expense account is very similar to the profit or loss statement.
- (4) The difference of the income and expenses is affected to the accumulated fund.
- 31. Production employees salary of a bakery is related to,
  - (1) production overhead cost

(2) indirect cost

(3) prime cost

(4) material cost

32. Following information relates to a factory.

number of units produced 100 production overhead cost Rs. 60 000 prime cost Rs. 340 000 unit profit margin 10%

The unit selling price is,

- (1) Rs. 400
- (2) Rs. 40
- (3) Rs. 440
- (4) Rs. 100
- 33. The institution which is established in order to monitor and regulate the Colombo Stock Exchange transactions,
  - (1) The central bank of Sri Lanka.
  - (2) The securities and Exchange commission of Sri Lanka.
  - (3) The ministry of finance.
  - (4) The institutions of brokers of Colombo stock exchange.



- 34. When shareholders of a company sells his shares at a higher price than the purchased price will earn,
  - (1) Divided income

(2) capital gain

(3) net profit

- (4) share capital
- 35. Monthly insurance premium of Kasun's business is Rs. 4000 and Rs. 40 000 has been paid during the year 2018. It should be recognized in financial statements prepared by Kasun as,
  - (1) expenses Rs. 40 000 & liabilities Rs. 8 000
  - (2) expenses Rs. 48 000 & liabilities Rs. 40 000
  - (3) expenses Rs. 48000 & liabilities Rs. 8 000
  - (4) expenses Rs. 8 000 & liabilities Rs. 40 000
- Using following Trial balance of Haresha's business and answer questions No. 36-40.

### Haresha's business

#### The Trial balance as at 31.12.2018

| Purchases             | 150 000 |         |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| Opening stock         | 30 000  |         |
| sales                 |         | 300 000 |
| electricity expenses  | 15 000  |         |
| bank loan             |         | 150 000 |
| investment interest   |         | 10 000  |
| Bank loan interest    | 5 000   |         |
| debtors               | 40 000  |         |
| cash                  | 20 000  |         |
| capital               |         | 300 000 |
| long term investments | 400 000 |         |
| furniture & Equipment | 100 000 |         |
|                       | 760 000 | 760 000 |
| formation             |         |         |

#### additional information

- 1 closing stock Rs. 30 000
- 2 accrued bank loan interest Rs. 4000
- 36. Cost of sales for the year ended 31.12.2018 of this business is,
  - (1) Rs. 30 000
- (2) Rs. 150 000
- (3) Rs. 180 000
- (4) Rs. 300 000

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- 37. What is the net profit for the year ended 31.12.2018 of this business?
  - (1) Rs. 24000
- (2) Rs. 136 000
- (3) Rs. 150000
- (4)Rs. 160 000
- 38. The amount of current liabilities shown in the statement of financial position of this business at the end of the accounting year is,
  - (1) No any current liabilities
- (2) Rs. 154 000

(3) Rs. 150 000

- (4) Rs. 4000
- 39. What is the amount of owner's equity of this business as at 31.12.2018?
  - (1) Rs. 180 000
- (2) Rs. 300 000
- (3) Rs. 436 000
- (4) Rs. 590 000
- 40. Non current assets & current assets of this business as at 31.12.2018 are respectively shown as,
  - (1) Rs. 500 000 and Rs. 90 000
- (2) Rs. 43 600 and Rs. 40 000
- (3) Rs. 436 000 land Rs. 154 000
- (4) Rs. 300 000 and Rs. 136 000



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### PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION NORTH WESTERN PROVINCE

# THIRD TERM TEST 2019

# Grade 11 60 - Business & Accounting Studies (new syllabus) - II

### Name / Index No.:

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- Answer 05 questions only as instructed. Any extra questions, answered if not struck off by the candidate himself, will be crossed out by the examiner without being marked.
- Including question No. 01, answer five questions selecting two questions from each of the part I & II.
- Write your answers in neat handwriting.
- 01. Answer the questions from (i) to (x), based on the situation, given below.

Jeewaka is a person who lives in a village near a forest. His father is an indigenous physician. Due to this Jeewaka had many experiences in this field from his small age. After doing his A/L's, he started experimenting regarding herbal plants and came up with a business which produces a special herbal drink under the brand name of "Jeewa Osu". This was known to be a relief for many diseases. He started his operation in 01.01.2019 by utilizing his savings amounting

Rs. 200000 and a bank loan of Rs. 100 000.

The land and the building required for the production are obtained on rent. He spent Rs. 50 000 for the purchase of required machinery on 02.01.2019. He deposited Rs. 20 000 on 03.01.2019 and opened a current account in his bank. Two employees were recruited to assist with the production takes place in proper quality and always encourage them. He always finding out whether the products are in line with the quality.

The below transactions occured for the month ended 31.01.2019

| 2019/01/05 | Purchase of herbal plants                       | Rs. | 20 000 |
|------------|---|-----|--------|
| 2019/01/06 | purchase of packages (bottles)                  | Rs. | 11 000 |
| 2019/01/07 | labelling charges                               | Rs. | 1 500  |
| 2019/01/20 | payment of salaries to poduction employees      | Rs. | 30 000 |
| 2019/01/22 | Factory Rent & Rates (through a cheque)         | Rs. | 10 000 |
| 2019/01/23 | Factory electricity expenses (through a cheque) | Rs. | 2 000  |
|            |   |     |        |

Machinery and equipments are depreciated annually at a rate of 12% on cost. No any remaining stock.

The monthly production of Herbal drinks are 1000 bottles. The selling price is decided by adding a markup of 20% on production cost. Marketing is done through his facebook page and due to the higher number of sales orders received for the next month. Jeewaka has decided to purchase a distribution vehicle in installment basis.

- (i) (a) What is the type of business that "Jeewa Osu" business belongs to according to objective and the ownership?
  - (b) What is the type of business according to the organizational method?
- (ii) (a) Write a strength and an opportunity that can be seen in "Jeewa Osu" business.
  - (b) State the communication medium and the communication method mentioned in this case.



|      | Factor of production                      | Examples                                   |               |
|------|---|--|---------------|
|      | 1 Planning                                |  |               |
|      | 2 Organizing                              |  |               |
|      | 3 Leading                                 |  |               |
|      | 4 Controlling                             |  |               |
| iv)  | Write the examples each for following     | factors of production from this case.      |               |
|      | factor of production                      | examples                                   |               |
|      | A - land                                  |  |               |
|      | B - labour                                |  |               |
|      | C - capital                               |  | 7             |
|      | D - entrepreneurship                      |  |               |
| v)   | Write the accounting equation of this b   | usiness as at 01.01.2019 with values.      |               |
| vi)  | Name 02 prime entry books should be       | e maintained by this business and state re | lated source  |
|      | documents for them.                       |  |               |
| vii) | Prepare the bank account of this busine   | ess and balancing off it as at 31.01.2019. |               |
| viii | (a) How much the depreciation of ma       | achinery for the month of January 2019?    |               |
|      | (b) Write the journal entry to recon      | rd above machinery depreciation for the    | ne month of   |
|      | January.                                  |  |               |
| ix)  | (a) Calculate the total production cos    | _  |               |
|      | (b) Calculate the selling price of a bo   |  |               |
| x)   | Calculate the net profit of this business |  |               |
|      | Part I - Bus                              | siness Studies                             |               |
| A nc | wer 02 questions only.                    |  |               |
|      | (a) Define a business.                    |  | (01 m.)       |
| 1)   | (b) Write 02 business objectives          |  | (02  m.)      |
| ii)  | Sate whether the following statements a   | are true or false.                         | (*=)          |
|      | (a) In the past the bartar system was use |  | ( )           |
|      |   | of production "Land" which is used to pro- | oduct goods   |
|      | and services.                             |  | ( )           |
|      | (c) The purchaser who purchases good      | ds for the purpose of resale or consume is | s known as a  |
|      | consumer.                                 |  | ( )           |
|      | (d) The sole proprietorships are getti    | ng success because of the individual d     | ecisions are  |
|      | taken by the owner himself.               |  | ( )           |
|      |   |  | (02  m.)      |
| ii)  | Due to the popularity of the "Hela Boj    | un Hala" concept in our country these da   | ıys, a higher |
|      | demand for instant food can be seen an    | nong consumers. This concept was introd    | luced by the  |
|      | department of Agriculture.                |  |               |
|      | (a) State a benefit achieved the depar    | tment of Agriculture by launching this "   | 'Hela Bojun   |
|      | Hala" concept.                            |  | (01  m.)      |
|      | (b) Name 02 parties that are affected by  | -  | (01 m.)       |
| 1V)  | Susila Semasinghe conducts a business     | s which organizes tours. Now he wants to   | exnand his    |

02.



business and introduce it to the foreigners.

|     |       | (a) Write 02 examples for communication mediums can be used to contact foreigners.              |     |
|-----|-------|---|-----|
|     |       | $(01 \mathrm{m}$  | .)  |
|     |       | (b) State a factor of production of "Susila's business and give an example for that. (01 m      | .)  |
| 03. | (i)   | (a) What is a business organization?  |     |
|     |       | (b)Write 02 factors that should be considered when selecting an appropriate type of busine      | SS  |
|     |       | organization. (02 m   | .)  |
|     | (ii)  | State whether the following statements are true of false.                                       |     |
|     |       | (a) A portion of the profits earned by a state corporation will be credited to the consolidate  | ed  |
|     |       | ·   | )   |
|     |       | (b) "Amount of capital invested in a business" is a criteria for recognizing a business         |     |
|     |       |   | )   |
|     |       |   | )   |
|     |       | (d) "Unit selling price is relatively low" is one of a characteristic of wholesale trade. (02 m | )   |
|     | (iii) | Anton Silva who engages in the textile industry buys raw materials from one country at          | -   |
|     | (111) | sells finished goods to another country.  | Iu  |
|     |       | Name the two types of trades that can be seen in this context and provide examples for each.    |     |
|     |       | $(02\mathrm{m}$   |     |
|     | (iv)  | (a) What is the most suitable type of account that a businessman can start in order to run h    | iis |
|     |       | business?   |     |
|     |       | (b) Write down a specific of that account. (02 m  | .)  |
| 04. | (i)   | (a) What is endorsing a cheque? (01 m   | .)  |
|     |       | (b) Whenever such endorsing is required? (02 m  | .)  |
|     | (ii)  | State whether the following statements are true of false.                                       |     |
|     |       | (a) To the legal owner of a building has an insurable interest about that building. (           | )   |
|     |       | (b) When properties and lives are insured, the risk of those will disappear. (                  | )   |
|     |       | (c) In the process of communication, reaction and feedback perform the same task. (             | )   |
|     |       | (d) It has an analogous relationship between transportation cost and the price of good. (       | /   |
|     |       | (02 m   | _   |
|     | (111) | (a) Propose a suitable product to start up a business, aimed at school children. (01 m          | _   |
|     | · \   | (b) How can you use the promotional mix for that product? (01 m                                 | _   |
|     | (1V)  | Write down 02 benefits achieved on an investor who are invested in Colombo sto                  |     |
|     |       | exchange. (02 m   | .)  |
|     |       | Part II - Accounting  |     |
| •   | Ans   | wer 02 questions only.  |     |
| 05. | (i)   | (a) Write the double entry principle for Income accounts.                                       |     |
|     |       | (b) Write 02 characteristics can be seen in assets. (02 m                                       | .)  |
|     | (ii)  | Following transactions relate to Narada's business for the month of January 2019                |     |
|     |       | (1) Obtained a bank loan Rs. 100 000  |     |
|     |       | (2) Paid employees salary Rs. 5 000   |     |
|     |       | (3) Owner has taken goods Rs. 4 000 from the business for his personal uses.                    |     |
|     |       | (4) Paid to creditors Rs. 6 000   |     |



(5) Rs. 2000 worth debtor has been written off as bad debts.

required,

State the impact of above transactions to the accounting equation.

|                 |               |   | <u> </u>            |   |                |
|-----------------|---------------|---|---------------------|---|----------------|
| Transaction no. | Assets        | = | liabilities         | + | owner's equity |
| 01              | Cash +100 000 |   | Bank loan + 100 000 |   |                |
| 02              |               |   |                     |   |                |
| 03              |               |   |                     |   |                |
| 04              |               |   |                     |   |                |
| 05              |               |   |                     |   |                |

 $(02 \, \text{m.})$ 

(iii) Following details of credit purchases are related to Akalanka's business for the month of May 2019.

| Date  | invoice<br>No | Supplier | list price | Trade discount |
|-------|---------------|----------|------------|----------------|
| 05.08 | 126           | Ranga    | 35 000     | 10%            |
| 05.12 | 334           | Suranga  | 40 000     | 5%             |
| 05.20 | 163           | Eranga   | 6 750      | -              |

required,

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- (a) Prepare the purchases journal for the month of May.
- (b) Prepare the relevant ledger accounts.

 $(04 \, \text{m.})$ 

(iv) Following is the petty cash book of Namal's business for the month of Nov. 2019.

# Petty cash book

| Receipt | ΙF  | Date  | Description           | V.N.  | Payment | Ana       | alysis co    | lumn       | Lager | Lager |
|---------|-----|-------|-----------------------|-------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Receipt | L.I | Date  | Description           | V.1N. | Rs.     | Transport | Refreshments | Stationary | Acc.  | P.    |
| 400     |     | 11/01 | B/b/f                 |       |         |           |              |            |       |       |
| ?       |     | 11/01 | cash                  |       |         |           |              |            |       |       |
|         |     | 11/05 | refreshment expenses  | 1     | 200     |           | 200          |            |       |       |
|         |     | 11/07 | three wheeler charges | 2     | 250     | 250       |              |            |       |       |
|         |     | 11/08 | stationary            | 3     | 120     |           |              | 120        |       |       |
|         |     | 11/10 | creditor - Amal       | 4     | 400     |           |              |            | 400   |       |
|         |     | 11/12 | Travelling expenses   | 5     | 150     | 150       |              |            |       |       |
|         |     | 11/15 | refreshments          | 6     | 100     |           | 100          |            |       |       |
|         |     | 11/18 | bought pens           | 7     | 60      |           |              | 60         |       |       |
|         |     | 11/21 | travelling            | 8     | 110     | 110       |              |            |       |       |
|         |     | 11/26 | stationary            | 9     | 130     |           |              | 130        |       |       |
|         |     |       |                       |       | 1520    | 510       | 300          | 310        | 400   |       |
|         |     | 11/30 | b/c/f                 |       | 480     |           |              |            |       |       |
| 2000    |     |       |                       |       | 2000    |           |              |            |       |       |
| 480     |     | 12/01 | b/b/f                 |       |         |           |              |            |       |       |
|         |     |       |                       |       |         |           |              |            |       |       |
| I       | l l |       |                       |       |         |           |              |            |       |       |



# **Business & Accounting Studies - II - continuation**

required:

(a) The amount of petty cash imprest of this business

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

(b) The amount of reimbursed as at 01.12.2019

(c) Posting the relevant petty cash payments to the ledger accounts.

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

(a) What is bank overdraft? 06.

(b) Name the elements of production cost.

 $(02 \, \text{m.})$ 

(ii) Following information relates to a flower vase manufacturing business for the month of May 2019.

> Production overhead cost Rs. 30000 Total production cost Rs. 90 000 direct labour cost Rs.' 15 000 direct other cost Rs. 5000 Rs. 60

cost of a flower vase

### required:

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(a) The amount of flower vases produced for the month of May.

(b) Direct material cost for the month of May.

 $(02 \, \text{m.})$ 

- (iii) The Trial balance prepared by Perera's business as at 31.12.2018 was not tally. The difference recorded in a suspense account and later revealed following errors.
  - A purchase invoice Rs. 21 000 has been completely omitted from books
  - electricity bill paid Rs. 2500 has not been recorded in electricity bill account.
  - Discount received Rs. 500 has been debited to the discount allowed account.

#### required

(a) Journal entries for rectifying above errors

(b) The suspense account

 $(04 \, \text{m.})$ 

- (iv) The balance of the bank account of Viranga's business was Rs. 42 000 for the month of November 2019. On that day the balance of the bank statement was not equal for the balance of the bank account. Following reasons were affected for the difference.
  - Bank charges Rs. 2500
  - Deposited but unrealized cheques Rs. 12 000
  - Debtors direct remittances Rs. 6000
  - Issued but unpresented cheques Rs. 9 000

### Required:

- (a) Adjusted bank account as at 30.11.2019
- (b) The bank reconciliation statement as at 30.11.2019  $(04 \, \text{m.})$



- 07. (i) (a) Name 02 financial statements which are prepared by the businesses. (01 m.)
  - (b) Paid Rs. 10 000 as Insurance charges of Damith's business during the year 2018 and further Rs. 3 000 should be paid.

Write the Journal entry to record accrued insurance charges.

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

- (ii) 100 members are in "Minimuthu sports club" and the monthly membership fee is Rs. 50. 90 members have paid their membership fee during the year 2018.
  - (a) What is the amount of membership fee received in cash during the year?
  - (b) What is the amount of membership fee recognized in the income statement during the year 2018? (02 m.)
- (iii) Following Trial balance prepared by Rasoda's business as at 31.12.2018

Trial Balance

|  | Dr.     | Cr.     |
|--|---------|---------|
| sales  |         | 450 000 |
| debtors  | 40 000  |         |
| creditors  |         | 30 000  |
| purchases  | 80 000  |         |
| carriage inwards                                     | 5 000   |         |
| stock (as at 01.01.2018)                             | 25 000  |         |
| bad debts  | 3 000   |         |
| electricity  | 4 000   |         |
| employees salary                                     | 15 000  |         |
| 10% bank loan  | IIK     | 100 000 |
| bank loan interest                                   | 7 000   |         |
| discount allowed                                     | 3 000   |         |
| land   | 300 000 |         |
| motor vehicle  | 200 000 |         |
| motor vehicle - provision for depreciation 01.01.201 | 8       | 80 000  |
| cash balance   | 50 000  |         |
| capital  |         | 72 000  |
|  | 732 000 | 732 000 |

#### Additional information

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- 1 The stock as at 31.12.2018 is Rs. 20 000
- 2 Accrued electricity expenses Rs. 1000 and accrued employees salary Rs. 5 000
- 3 Buildings are depreciated 10% annually on cost. required
- (a) The profit or loss statement for the year ended 31.12.2018 (04 m.)
- (b) The statement of financial position as at 31.12.2018 (04 m.)



## **Business & Accounting Studies**

| Answer sneet - Part I |          |          |          |           |          |          |           |          |           |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 1 -(3)                | 2 -(1)   | 3 -(3)   | 4 -(4)   | 5 -(2)    | 6 -(3)   | 7 -(2)   | 8 -(3)    | 9 -(4)   | 10 - (4 ) |
| 11-(3)                | 12 -(1)  | 13 - (3) | 14 -(1)  | 15 -(1)   | 16 - (3) | 17 -(2)  | 18 - (4 ) | 19 -(4)  | 20 - (4 ) |
| 21-(2)                | 22 -(3)  | 23 -(2)  | 24 - (3) | 25 -(2)   | 26 - (3) | 27 -(1)  | 28 - (4 ) | 29 -(3)  | 30 - (2 ) |
| 31-(3)                | 32 - (3) | 33 - (2) | 34 - (2) | 35 - (3 ) | 36 - (2) | 37 - (2) | 38 - (4 ) | 39 - (3) | 40 - (1 ) |

(40 marks)

### Part II

01. (i) (a) according to objective - profit oriented business according to ownership - private sector business

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 01 \text{ m.})$ (01 m.)

(b) sole proprietorship

(a) • strength -

(ii)

owner's experience (Jeewaka)

having an adequate capital

having a good brand name.

owner's father was an indigenous physician.

 $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ m.})$ 

Opportunity

Jeewaka lives in a village near a forest.

 $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ m.})$ 

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(b) communication medium - electronic

communication method - face book

 $(\frac{1}{2}x2 = 01 \text{ m.})$ 

- (iii) 1 planning Jeewaka has decided to purchase a lorry.
  - 2 Organizing recruiting 02 employees.
  - 3 Leading always encourage the employees.
  - 4 controlling finding out whether the production takes place in proper quality. ( $\frac{1}{2}$  x4 = 02 m.)

| (iv) | Factors of production | example                            |  |
|------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|      | A - Land              | natural forests / land             |  |
|      | B - Labour            | employees mental & physical labour |  |
|      | C - capital           | cash, building, machinery          |  |
|      | D - entrepreneurship  | Jeewaka                            | $(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \text{ m.})$ |

(vi) cash book - voucher/receipt

 $bank\ account\ -\ counterfoil\ /\ cash\ deposit\ form\ /\ cheque\ deposit\ form\ /\ payment\ voucher\ /\ dishonoured\ cheque\ notification$ 

General journal - journal voucher (01)



(vii) bank account

| Date  | description | L.<br>P. | amount | Date  | description | L.<br>P. | amount |          |
|-------|-------------|----------|--------|-------|-------------|----------|--------|----------|
| 01/02 | cash (½)    |          | 20 000 | 1/22  | rent        |          | 10 000 | (1/2)    |
|       |             |          |        | 1/23  | electricity |          | 2 000  | (1/2)    |
|       |             |          |        | 1/31  | b/c/f       |          | 8 000  |          |
|       |             |          | 20 000 |       |             |          | 20 000 |          |
| 2/1   | b/b/f       |          | 8 000  | (1/2) |             |          |        |          |
|       |             |          |        |       |             |          |        | (02  m.) |

(viii) (a) 
$$50\ 000\ x\ \frac{12}{100}\ x\ \frac{1}{12}$$
  
Rs.  $500\ (01\ m.)$ 

- (b) Machinery depreciation Acc. Dr Rs. 500 provision for machinery dep. acc cr. Rs. 500
- 20000 (ix) (a) herbal 30 000 salary 11 000 packing rent 10000 2000 electricity label 1500 500 Depreciation (½ m.)  $75\,000$ Total production cost

Rs. 75 000

unit cost = Rs. Rs. 75

75 x <u>20</u> 100

profit = Rs. 15

selling price = Rs. 75 + 15

= Rs. 90

(x) Sales income 90 x 1000 90 000

Total expense Rs. 75 000

Rs. 15 000 (02 m.)

(02)



# **Business & Accounting Studies - Answer sheet - continuation**

#### Part I - Business Studies

|     |        |      | Tart I - Dusiness Studies   |                    |
|-----|--------|------|---|--------------------|
| 02. | (i)    | (a)  |   |                    |
|     |        |      | in order to fulfil human needs.   | (01  m.)           |
|     |        | (b)  | Profit/social welfare.  |                    |
|     |        |      | fulfil customer needs & wants   |                    |
|     |        |      | generating job employees  |                    |
|     |        |      | contributing to the national productivity   | (02  m.)           |
|     | (ii)   | (a)  | $\checkmark$ (b) x (c) $\checkmark$ (d) x   | (02  m.)           |
|     | (iii)  | (a)  | 1 creating a market for domestic rice and rice related products   |                    |
|     |        |      | 2 increasing the health   |                    |
|     |        |      | 3 improving the health of the people  |                    |
|     |        |      | 4 empowering the rural economy.   |                    |
|     |        |      | 5 generating job opportunity.   | (01 m.)            |
|     |        | (b)  | 1 What flour importers  |                    |
|     |        |      | wheat flour related bakers  |                    |
|     |        |      | 3 instant food traders  |                    |
|     |        |      | 4 rice and other grain suppliers  |                    |
|     |        |      | 5 financial institutions  |                    |
|     |        |      | 6 community   | (01 m.)            |
|     | (iv)   | (a)  | 1. creating web sites   |                    |
|     |        |      | 2. e-mail   |                    |
|     |        |      | 3. Video chatting (IMO, whats app, viber etc.)  |                    |
|     |        |      | 4. Telephone  |                    |
|     |        |      | 5. Social network (face book)   | (01 m.)            |
|     |        | (b)  | Labour - driver, tourist guides, chefs  |                    |
|     |        | ` ´  | Capital - Motor vehicles, Hotels, Money   | (01 m.)            |
| 03. | (i)    | (a)  | An individual or a group of individuals working together ro produce goods and service                                   | es reauired        |
|     | . ,    | ( )  | to fulfill human needs and wants.   | 1                  |
|     |        | (b)  | 1 objective 2 scale 3 who will perform management activities  | (02  m.)           |
|     | (ii)   | (a)  | $\checkmark \qquad \qquad \text{(b)}  \text{x} \qquad \qquad \text{(c)}  \text{x} \qquad \qquad \text{(d)}  \checkmark$ | , ,                |
|     |        | ` /  | oort trade - cloths, thread, buttons, machines  |                    |
|     | , ,    | _    | ort trade - garments  |                    |
|     | (iv)   | •    | current account   |                    |
|     | (- ' ) | ` ′  | for relevant answer   | (02 m.)            |
|     |        | . ,  |   | , í                |
| 04. | (i)    | (a)  | Writing the name of payee, as mentioned on the face of the cheque at the back of  | •                  |
|     |        | (1.) | handwriting of the payee himself.   | (01 m.)            |
|     |        | (b)  | when transferring the cheque.   | (02                |
|     | ,·•·   |      | when depositing the cheque into a bank account.   | (02 m.)            |
|     | (ii)   | (a)  | $\checkmark \qquad \qquad \text{(b)}  \text{x} \qquad \qquad \text{(c)}  \text{x} \qquad \qquad \text{(d)}  \checkmark$ | $(02 \mathrm{m.})$ |
|     | (iii)  |      | give 01 mark for a suitable answer  | (01 m.)            |
|     |        | (b)  | notices, free sample, sponsorships etc  |                    |



# **Business & Accounting Studies - Answer sheet - continuation**

(iv) For an investor - dividends

capital gains

present as a collateral

appoint as directors

for a listed company can collect the capital

to grow their image (02 m.)

# Part II - Accounting

05. (i) (a) income - increases - credit

decrease - debit (01 m.)

(b) arose as a result of a past transaction future economic benefits will flow into the business controlled by the business

(ii)

|    |                |                     |                  | _ (    |
|----|----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------|
|    | Assets         | = Liabilities +     | Equity           |        |
| 01 | cash + 100 000 | Bank loan + 100 000 |                  |        |
| 02 | cash - 5 000   |                     | Salary - 5000    | (½ m.) |
| 03 | stock - 4000   |                     | Drawings - 4000  | (½ m.) |
| 04 | cash - 6000    | Creditors - 6000    |                  | (½ m.) |
| 05 | cash - 2000    |                     | bad debts - 2000 | (½ m.) |

 $(\frac{1}{2}x4 = 02)$ 

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### Purchases journal

| Date  | Invoice<br>No. | Supplier            | amount | 1.p    |
|-------|----------------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| 05/08 | 126            | Ranga (½ m.)        | 31 500 |        |
| 05/12 | 334            | Suranga (½ m.)      | 38 000 |        |
| 05/20 | 163            | Eranga (½ m.)       | 6 750  |        |
|       |                | debited to purchase |        |        |
| 05/31 |                | acc.                | 76 250 | (½ m.) |

(02 m.)

#### Purchases acc

| Date | Description    | L.P | Amount | Date | Description | L.P | Amount |                   |
|------|----------------|-----|--------|------|-------------|-----|--------|-------------------|
| 5/31 | Creditors acc. |     | 76 250 |      |             |     |        | $\frac{1}{(1/2)}$ |
|      |                |     |        |      |             |     |        |                   |



# **Business & Accounting Studies - Answer sheet - continuation**

Ranga's acc.

| Date | Description | L.P | Amount | Date | Description    | L.P | Amount |                  |
|------|-------------|-----|--------|------|----------------|-----|--------|------------------|
|      |             |     |        | 5/8  | Purchases acc. |     | 31 500 | $\binom{1/2}{2}$ |
|      |             |     |        |      |                |     |        | (72)             |

### Suranga's acc

| Date | Description | L.P | Amount | Date | Description    | L.P | Amount |       |
|------|-------------|-----|--------|------|----------------|-----|--------|-------|
|      |             |     |        | 5/12 | Purchases acc. |     | 38 000 | (1/2) |

### Eranga's acc

| Date | Description | L.P | Amount | Date | Description    | L.P | Amount |       |
|------|-------------|-----|--------|------|----------------|-----|--------|-------|
|      |             |     |        | 5/20 | Purchases acc. |     | 6 750  | (1/2) |
|      |             |     |        |      |                |     |        |       |

(iv) (a) Rs. 2000

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 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

(b) Rs. 1520

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

### Travelling Expenses acc.

| Date  | Description | L.P | Amount | Date | Description | L.P | Amount |       |
|-------|-------------|-----|--------|------|-------------|-----|--------|-------|
| 11/30 | Petty cash  |     | 510    |      | n Ik        |     |        | (1/2) |
|       |             |     |        |      |             |     |        |       |

## Stationary ex. acc.

| Date  | Description | L.P | Amount | Date | Description | L.P | Amount |       |
|-------|-------------|-----|--------|------|-------------|-----|--------|-------|
| 11/30 | Petty cash  |     | 310    |      |             |     |        | (1/2) |
|       |             |     |        |      |             |     |        |       |

#### Refreshment acc.

| Date  | Description | L.P | Amount | Date | Description | L.P | Amount |       |
|-------|-------------|-----|--------|------|-------------|-----|--------|-------|
| 11/30 | Petty cash  |     | 300    |      |             |     |        | (1/2) |

### Creditors - Amal's acc.

| Date  | Description | L.P | Amount | Date | Description | L.P | Amount |       |
|-------|-------------|-----|--------|------|-------------|-----|--------|-------|
| 11/30 | Petty cash  |     | 400    |      |             |     |        | (1/2) |
|       |             |     |        |      |             |     |        |       |

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \text{ m.})$ 





(05)

# **Business & Accounting Studies - Answer sheet - continuation**

06. (i) (a) The situation where banks allow their customers to issue cheques for more than the existing balance in their current accounts.

or

When cheques are issued in excese of the existing bank balance and when the bank makes payment on them, the current account holder becomes a debtor to the bank and that debit balance is known as a bank overdraft. (01 m.)

(b) ◆ prime cost

• production overhead cost

Total production cost

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

Rs. 40 000

(ii) (a) flower vasses - 1500

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

(b) Direct material cost 40 000 direct material cost

Direct labour cost 15 000

Direct other cost 5 000

Prime cost 60 000

Production over head cost 30 000

 $(02 \, \text{m.})$ 

(iii)

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### General Journal

90 000

| Date | Description   | L.<br>P | Dr     | Cr     |          |
|------|---|---------|--------|--------|----------|
|      | Purchases acc.  |         | 21 000 |        |          |
|      | Creditors acc   |         |        | 21 000 | (01 m.)  |
|      | (Correction of error of ommission of the purchases invoice Rs. 21000)                                   | K       | s.     |        | (01111.) |
|      | Electricity expenses acc.   |         | 2 500  |        |          |
|      | Suspense acc.   |         |        | 2 500  | (01 m.)  |
|      | (Correction of the ommission of the electricity charges of Rs. 2500 in the electricity charges account) |         |        |        |          |
|      | Suspense acc.   |         | 1 000  |        |          |
|      | Discount received acc.  |         |        | 500    | (01 m.)  |
|      | discount allowed acc.   |         |        | 500    |          |
|      | (Correction of the error of the discount received has been recorded in discount allowed account)        |         |        |        |          |

Suspense acc.

| - map             |      |                 |      |      |  |
|-------------------|------|-----------------|------|------|--|
| Difference        | 1500 | electricity ex. | 2500 | (01) |  |
| Discount Received | 500  |                 |      | (01) |  |
| Dis. allowed      | 500  |                 |      |      |  |
|                   | 2500 |                 | 2500 |      |  |
|                   |      |                 |      |      |  |

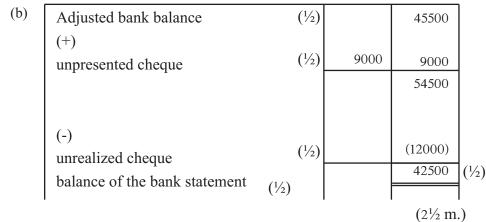
(06)



# **Business & Accounting Studies - Answer sheet - continuation**

| (iv) (a) |          | Adjusted ba         | nk account   |                             |
|----------|----------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
|          | b/b/f    | 42000               | bank charges | 2500 (1/2)                  |
|          | debotors | $\binom{1}{2}$ 6000 | b/c/f        | $\frac{45500}{(1/2)}$       |
|          |          | 48000               |              | 48000 (72)                  |
|          |          |                     | 1            | $(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ m.})$ |

### Bank reconciliation statement



07. (i) (a) The profit or loss statement

The statement of financial position

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

(b) Insurance charges acc Dr 3 000

Accrued insurance charges acc Cr. 3000

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$ 

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(ii) (a) Rs. 54 000

(b) Rs. 60 000

 $(02 \, \text{m.})$ 

(iii) (a)

Business of Rasoda  $\binom{1}{2}$ 

Profit or loss statement for the year ended 31.12.2018

| Saes                         |        |                 | 450 000  |       |
|------------------------------|--------|-----------------|----------|-------|
| (-) cost of sales            |        |                 |          |       |
| opening stock                |        | 25 000          |          |       |
| (+) purchases                |        | 80 000          |          |       |
| carriage inwards             |        | 5 000           |          |       |
|                              |        | 110 000         |          |       |
| (-) closing stock            |        | (20 000)        | (90 000) | (1)   |
| Gross profit                 |        |                 | 360 000  | (1/2) |
|                              |        |                 |          |       |
| <u>Distribution expenses</u> |        |                 |          |       |
| Motor vehicle expenses       | 20 000 |                 |          |       |
| bad debts                    | 3 000  |                 |          |       |
| discount allowed             | 3 000  | 26 000          |          |       |
|                              |        | $(\frac{1}{2})$ |          |       |



# **Business & Accounting Studies - Answer sheet - continuation**

| Administration expenses                    |        |        |          |       |         |
|--|--------|--------|----------|-------|---------|
| electricity expenses                       | 5 000  |        |          |       |         |
| salary expenses                            | 20 000 | 25 000 |          |       |         |
|  |        | (1/2)  |          |       |         |
| Financial expenses                         |        |        |          |       |         |
| loan interest                              | 10 000 | 10 000 | (61 000) | (1/2) |         |
|  |        |        |          |       |         |
| Net profit transferred to the capital acc. |        |        | 299 000  | (1/2) |         |
|  |        |        |          |       |         |
|  |        |        |          |       |         |
|  |        |        |          |       |         |
|  |        |        |          |       | (04 m.) |

(b) Business of Rasoda the statement of financial posion as at 31.12.2018

|                        | cost    | acc. dep. | carrying amo.            |       |
|------------------------|---------|-----------|--------------------------|-------|
| Non current assets     |         |           |                          |       |
| Land                   | 300 000 |           | 300 000                  |       |
|                        | 200 000 | 100 000   | 200 000                  |       |
| motor vehicle          | 500 000 | 100 000   | 400 000                  | (1/)  |
|                        | 300 000 | 100 000   | 400 000                  | (1/2) |
| current assets         |         |           |                          |       |
| stock                  |         | 20 000    |                          |       |
| debtors                |         | 40 000    |                          |       |
| cash                   | ran     | 50 000    | 110 000                  | (1/2) |
|                        |         |           | 510 000                  |       |
| equity & liabilities   |         |           |                          |       |
| capital                |         | 72 000    | (1/)                     |       |
| (+) net profit         |         | 299 000   | $\binom{1/2}{2}$ 371 000 |       |
| (1) het pront          |         |           | 1                        |       |
| non current liablities |         |           |                          |       |
| Bank loan              |         | 100 000   | 100 000                  |       |
|                        |         |           | 1                        |       |
| current liabilities    |         |           |                          |       |
| Accrued loan interest  |         | 3 000     | $(\frac{1}{2})$          |       |
| accrued electricity    |         | 1 000     |                          |       |
| accrued salary         |         | 5 000     |                          |       |
| creditors              |         | 30 000    | 39 000                   | (1/2) |
| Cicultors              |         |           | 510 000                  | ( - ) |
|                        |         |           |                          |       |
|                        |         |           |                          |       |



 $(04 \, \text{m.})$ 

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