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## **Grade 11**

## **Mathematics**

# Second Term - Unit Test

Write the equation of the straight line denoted by l in the

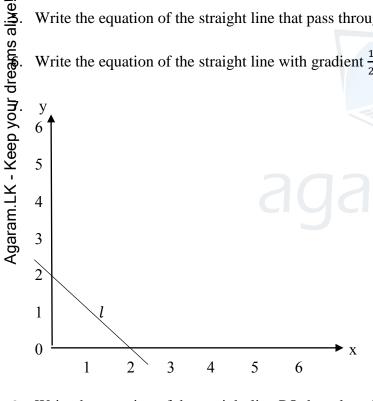
#### 13) **Graphs**

#### Part I

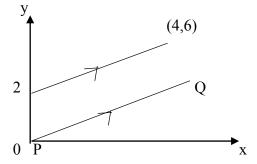
- The coordinates of two points on a straight line are (4,2) and (2,-2). Find the gradient of the straight line
- Find the equation of the straight line passing through the points (4,3) and (2,-1).
- What is the intercept of the straight line which passes through the points (-3,0) and (0,-2)?
- Find the gradient and the intercept of the straight line indicated by the equation 3x y = 5.

Write the equation of the straight line that pass through the origin and point (2,4).

Write the equation of the straight line with gradient  $\frac{1}{2}$  which passes through the points (0,-3).



8. Write the equation of the straight line PQ, based on the information in the given figure.



9. Without sketching the graph, write down the following for the function  $y = (x - 3)^2 + 2$ .



figure.

- a) Equation of the axis of symmetry.
- b) Coordinates of the turning point.



10. If the graph of the function  $y = -3x^2 + 2$ , moves upwards along the y axis by 3 units. Write the equation of the graph.

### Part II

1) An incomplete table of values to draw the graph of the function y = -x(x + 2) + 3 is given below.

X	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2
у	-5	0	3	4	3		<b>-</b> 5

- i. Find the value of y when x=1.
- ii. By taking 10 small divisions of the graph paper to represent one unit along the x axis and the y axis, draw the graph of the above function.
- iii. Write the coordinates of the turning point of the function
- iv. Write the interval of values of x for which the function is positive.
- v. Using the graph, find the roots of the equation.  $-x^2 2x + 3 = 0$
- vi. If the above graph is shifted one unit along the positive direction of the x axis, write the equation of the new graph.

The table presents the y values corresponding to several x values of a certain quadratic function of x.

X	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	-3	2	5	6	5		-3

- By considering the symmetry of the graph, write down the value of y, when x=4.
- ii. Draw the graph of the above quadratic function on the graph paper provided to you, by taking 10 small squares along the x axis and along the y axis to represent one unit as scale.
- iii. Using the graph write down the interval of values of x for which  $y \ge 1$ .
- iv. Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the graph.
- v. If it is given that the quadratic function of x is  $y = k (x 2)^2$ , write down the value of the constant k.
- vi. Find the value of x for which y=0 for the graph and thereby obtain the value of  $\sqrt{6}$  to the nearest first decimal place.
- 3) The table considering of values of the function  $y = (x 2)^2 5$  corresponding to the values of the variable x is given below.

X	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	
y	4		-4	-5	-4	-1	4	

- a) i. Find the value of y when x=0.
  - ii. Taking ten small divisions of the graph paper to represent one unit as scale, draw the graph of the function using the above table.
- b) Using your graph,
  - i. Find the roots of the equation  $(x-2)^2 5 = 0$  to the first decimal place and hence obtain an approximate value for  $\sqrt{5}$ .
  - ii. Write down the interval of values of x on which the function increase from -5 to +3.

