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Note:

- Answer all the questions.
- In each of the questions 1 to 40, pick one of the alternative 1, 2, 3, 4 which you consider as correct or most appropriate.
- Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- (1) The governance which most of the countries including Sri Lanka have implemented at present is,
 - 1. Monarchism.

2. Aristocratic system.

3. Democratic governance.

- 3. Presidential governance.
- (2) What does the word "Kratos" and "Demos" in Greek denote?
 - 1. Public and power.

2. Public and community power.

3. Public and governance.

- 4. Public and democracy.
- (3) Select the name which is used to call the supreme governing body of the city state of Athens.
 - Pradeshiya Sabha.

2. Urban Council.

3. Citizen's Council.

- 4. Provincial Council.
- (4) Select the answer that which groups are considered as citizens in Greek city-states.
 - 1. Elder males and slaves.

- 2. Elder males and foreigners.
- 3. Elders males and women.
- 3. Elder males and elites.
- (5) All are taking part in taking decisions is known as,
 - 1. representative democracy.
- 2. direct democracy.

3. liberal democracy.

- 4. indirect democracy.
- The system which existed in Europe from 5th century A. D. up to the 15th century A. D. is known as,
 - 1. feudal system

2. capitalist system

3. economic system

- 4. monarchism
- (7) The power of the parliament which consisted people's representatives began to develop after,
 - 1. the French revolution in 1789.
- 2. the American revolution in 1776.
- 3. the English revolution in 1688.
- 4. the Russian revolution in 1917.
- (8) "Democracy is government of the people by the people and for the people" This was uttered by,
 - Sealer
- 2. Aristotle
- 3. Abraham Lincoln 4.
- Professor Garner

- (9) Select a feature of a democratic country from the following.
 - 1. Existence of high economic level.
- 2. Existence of single party system.
- 3. Existence of free and biased media.
- 4. Existence of a government and an opposition.



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(10)	1	The representives are elected for the direct democracy. 3. universal franchise.	gove	ernment in c 2. 4.	lemocratic countri indirect democrac referendum.		ed on,
(11)	1	Select the parts which are belonged to the parts which are belonged to the parts which are belonged to the parts, fundamental rights, the parts of the parts which are belonged to the parts w	funda freed , adm	amental dut	ies.		
(12)	1	An organized entity of persons with of governing the country is simply keys and the people's will civil organizations.			ring ruling power of pressure groups. political party.	of a co	untry based on principles
(13)	1	Select an example which includes the party system. I. India, Sri Lanka, America B. China, North Korea, India	ie coi	2. 4.	re the governance China. North Kor China, North Kor	ea, Cu	ba
14)		Select a direct democratic feature what. Referendum. 2. Inaugur			ced under the cons Recurrence.	titutior 4.	n of 1978. Plabesize system.
(15)	1	Select a criteria which is considered Sex. Ethnicity.	to pro	ovide franch 2. 4.	nise to a citizen in Employment and Age limit.		
(16)	,	Select the answer which is matched	the co	olumn A wi	th column B.		
		'A'			'B'		
	1	Opportunity to take part in governance to people.			p good governance		-
	2	Development of the quality of the life style of people.	B C		•		ion of the resources of
3	,		D	Improving	common facilities	s like f	ood, house, education
	3	Building up peaceful environment.	Е	Existence	of supremacy of la	ıw.	
	1	AEC 2. BDE		3.	ADE	4.	CDE
(17)		Select the answer which has the electric learning in the electric learn	torial	districts in 3.	Sri Lanka. 25	4.	26

- Select a duty of a voter in a democratic country.

 1. Using the power of vote.
- 2. Participate in meetings which are held for the election.
- 3. Addressing in a meeting which is held for the election.
- 4. Not violating the rules and regulations of an election.
- (19) What is known as entitlements of humans given by the society to consummate his social life?
 - 1. Freedom.

(18)

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2. Rights.

3. Equality.

4. Fundamental rights.



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- (20) Select the answer what is considered as the most important occasion in winning human rights in history.
 - 1. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights was proclaimed by the United Nations General Assembly on 10th December 1948.
 - 2. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights were proclaimed by the United Nations General Assembly in December 1945.
 - 3. Magna Carta Bond of Britain in 1215.
 - 4. The act of rights which was proclaimed by England in 1689.
- (21) Read the following statements and select the answer which has moral duties.
 - A Payment of taxes.
 - B Obedience to the existing law.
 - C Safeguarding the constitution.
 - D Respecting elders.
 - E Following social customs.
 - 1. A and B
- 2. B and C
- 3. C and D
- 4. D and E
- (22) The main purpose of the judiciary in a democratic country is,
 - 1. promulgating laws.

2. dispensing justice.

3. implementing laws.

- 4. advising for lower courts.
- (23) Select a benefit which is derived through existing the sovereignty of the judiciary to the people.
 - 1. Dispensing justice equally for the people.
 - 2. Provision of correct and accurate information to the people.
 - 3. Establishment of regularity and permanancy of the governance.
 - 4. Presenting the grievances of the people to the rulers.
- (24) Law is above all the others in a country is known as,
 - 1. equality of law.

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2. justice of law

3. the supremacy of law.

- 4. following laws.
- (25) Select two names of philosophers who presented the definitions on state.
 - 1. Professor Garner and Abraham Lincoln.
- 2. Sealer and Abraham Lincoln.
- 3. Professor Garner and Aristotle.
- 4. Aristotle and Sealer
- (26) What is the name for the state which is based on the concept on "one state for one nation" in Europe?
 - 1. Feudal states

2. City - states

3. Modern nation-state

- 4. Eastern states.
- Read the following statements and answer the questions 27 and 28.
 - A The Great revolution
 - B Development of scientific knowledge.
 - C National cohesion.
 - D Military and Naval strength.
 - E Autonomous power.
- (27) Select the answer which includes the reasons behind the origin of nation states.
 - 1. A and B
- 2. B and C
- 3. C and D
- 4. C and E
- (28) Select the answer which includes the reasons to emerge some countries as strong nation states.
 - 1. A and B
- . B and C
- 3. C and D
- 4. C and E
- (29) Select the answer that what type of state which has two tiers of governments.
 - 1. Co federal government

2. Semi - federal government.

3. Unitary government.

- 4. Federal government.
- (30) The agent that converts the wish of the state or the people into policies is,
 - 1. the state.
- 2. the public.
- 3. the parliament.
- . the government.



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- (31) Select the answer which includes the government which the executive is not directly responsible to the legislature.
 - 1. Presidential government.

2. Parliamentary government.

3. Federal government.

4. Unitary government.

- (32) A major role of the president of Sri Lanka is,
 - 1. implementing laws.

2. promulgating laws.

3. dispensing justice.

- 4. controlling the executive.
- (33) Respecting the others rights and freedom is belonged to,
 - 1. duties of a citizen.

2. rights of a citizen.

3. rights of a state.

- 4. duties of a state.
- (34) Select a feature of an intelligent voter of a country who contributes to build up good governance in the country.
 - 1. Electing representives from a political party which you like.

2.

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- 3. Electing a popular person who loves country.
- 4. Electing a person who is from a political generation.
- (35) A feature that can be seen in a country where the supremacy of the law is existed is,
 - . having more protection of law by the rulers.
 - 2. decreasing the faith of citizens on government.
 - 3. that the courts are got pressure.
 - 4. providing the protection of law for all equally.
- (36) Select the answer which should not be in a citizen who spends a democratic life.
 - 1. Taking decisions through discussion.
 - 2. Tolerating opposite views.
 - 3. Acting co operatively.
 - 4. Respecting the majority and suppressing the minority.
- (37) Select the answer which should be the basic needs of a country.
 - 1. Food, clothes, shelter.

- 2. Food, clothes, infra-structure facilities.
- 3. Food, shelter, infra-structure facilities.
- 4. Food, shelter, transportation.
- (38) An instance where a citizen receives the opportunity to take part in governance in a democratic country is,
 - 1. criticising the government.
 - 2. presenting as a candidate.
 - 3. expressing ideas through media.
 - 4. participating in agitations against the government.
- (39) What is known as sovereignty of the judiciary in a democratic country?
 - 1. Ability to act upon the will of the judiciary.
 - 2. Ability to act without any influence.
 - 3. Judiciary is without influence of other institution except the executive.
 - 4. Acting according to the law of the legislature.
- (40) Select the answer which includes the districts of North Central Province of Sri Lanka.
 - 1. Jaffna and Wavuniya.
 - 2. Polonnaruwa and Trincomalee.
 - 3. Anuradhapura and Polonnaruwa.
 - 4. Anuradhapura and Matale.



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	First Term Test - Grade 10 - 2020
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Notes:

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- First question is compulsory.
- Answer all together five questions including the first question and another four questions.
- 01. (i) Name two elections which voter of Sri Lanka receives to cast the vote.
 - (ii) Name two political parties that can be seen in Sri Lanka at present.
 - (iii) Write two main criteria which are taken to divide polling divisions in Sri Lanka.
 - (iv) Write two principles out of seven principles of "Aparihani Dhamma".
 - (v) Write two benefits of electing represtatives based on the polling divisions.
 - (vi) Name the two main types of duties.
 - (vii) Name the two types of states, which are categorized depending on the devolution of power between the central government and the local government bodies.
 - (viii) Write two types of government which are categorized according to the forms of government.
 - (ix) Write two features of a free and fair election.
 - (x) Write two important qualities which a democrat should have. $(02 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$
- O2. The governance is implemented by the representative who elected by the people is known as respresentive democracy.
 - (i) Name two countries where representative democracy is existed. (02 marks)
 - (ii) Write three problems arising out of implementing direct democracy at present. (03 marks)
 - (iii) Write three importances of democracy as a system of governance and explain one of them.

(05 marks)

- O3. Political parties are an essential item in the operation of a democratic government.
 - (i) Name the two systems which are followed mostly in electing members at present by present states.

(02 marks)

(ii) Write the three types of party system.

- (03 marks)
- (iii) Write three good features of a competitive party system and explain on of them. (05 marks)
- "It is necessary to divide the country into polling divisions as a strategy to join people's representatives for democratic governance".
 - (i) Name two polling divisions which belong to your province. (02 marks)
 - (ii) Write three compulsory matters which should be included in a constitution.

(03 marks)

(iii) Write three benefits of adherence to the constitution in a democratic country and explain one of them. (05 marks)



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- 05. "Present states are considered as nation state and nation states were originated in Europe after 15th century".
 - (i) Name two philosphers who presented definitons to strength the concept of nation state.

(02 marks)

(ii) Write three main features of nation state.

(03 marks)

(iii) Write three parts of the state and explain one of them.

(05 marks)

- 06. "The government is the agent which converts the wish of the state or the people into policies and implements them".
 - (i) By whom this was uttered?

(02 marks)

(ii) Write the three major parts of a government.

(03 marks)

- (iii) Write three responsibilities which should be fulfilled by a state to the public and explain one of them. (05 marks)
- O7. Parliamentary government was handed over through the British governance.
 - (i) Executive is divided into two types in a parliamentary government. Name them.

(02 marks)

(ii) Write three features of a parliamentary government.

(03 marks)

(iii) Write three features of a presidential government and explain one of them.

(05 marks)





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